

**FREE TRADE AGREEMENT**

**BETWEEN**

**THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA**

**AND**

**BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA**

## **PREAMBLE**

DESIROUS to develop and strengthen friendly relations, especially in the fields of economic co-operation and trade, with an aim to contribute to the progress of economic co-operation between the two countries and to increase the scope of mutual trade exchange;

The Republic of Macedonia and Bosnia and Herzegovina (hereinafter referred to as "the Contracting Parties");

CONFIRMING their intention to participate actively in the process of regional economic integration in Southeastern Europe and in the process of European integration, expressing their preparedness to co-operate in seeking ways and means to strengthen this process;

DECLARING their readiness to undertake activities with a view of promoting harmonious development of their trade, as well as of expanding and diversifying their mutual co-operation in the fields of joint interest, including fields not covered by this Agreement, thus creating a framework and supportive environment based on equality, non-discrimination, and a balance of rights and obligations;

RESOLVED to the above mentioned, as well as to eliminate progressively the obstacles to substantially all their mutual trade in accordance with the provisions of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (hereinafter referred to as "GATT 1994") and the Marrakesh Agreement Establishing the World Trade Organization (hereinafter referred to as "WTO"), having in mind the objective of both Contracting Parties for membership in WTO;

DETERMINED for this objective to determine the provisions directed towards gradual abolish of obstacles in trade exchange among Contracting Parties in accordance with the provisions of this instruments;

CONSIDERING that no provision of this Agreement may be interpreted as exempting the Contracting Parties from their obligations under other international agreements;

HAVE DECIDED, in pursuance of these objectives, to conclude the following Agreement (hereinafter referred to as "this Agreement"):

## **Article 1 Objectives**

1. The Contracting Parties shall gradually establish a free trade area in a transitional period ending on 31/12/2004, in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and in conformity with the definition, set out in Article XXIV of the GATT 1994 and the WTO.
2. The objectives of this Agreement are:
  - a) to increase the economic co-operation and raise the standard of living of the population of the two countries;
  - b) to gradually eliminate difficulties and restrictions on trade in goods, including also the agricultural products;
  - c) to promote, through the expansion of reciprocal trade, the harmonious development of the economic relations between the Contracting Parties;
  - d) to provide fair conditions of competition for trade between the Contracting Parties;
  - e) to contribute by the removal of barriers to trade, to the harmonious development and expansion of world trade;
  - f) to enhance co-operation between the Contracting Parties;
  - g) to create conditions for further encouragement of investments, particularly for the development of joint investments in both countries;
  - h) to promote trade and co-operation between the Contracting Parties in third country markets.

## **CHAPTER I Industrial products**

### **Article 2 Scope**

1. The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to industrial products originating in the Contracting Parties.
2. The term “industrial products” means for the purpose of this Agreement the products falling within Chapters 25 to 97 of the Harmonized Commodity

Description and Coding System with the exception of the products listed in Annex 1 to this Agreement.

### **Article 3**

#### **Basic duties**

1. For commercial exchanges covered by this Agreement, the Customs Tariffs of the Contracting Parties shall be applied to the classification of goods for imports into them.
2. For each product the basic duty to which the successive reductions set out in this Agreement are to be applied shall be the MFN duty in force on the date of application of this Agreement.
3. If after the date of application of this Agreement, any tariff reduction is applied on an *erga omnes* basis, in particular, reductions resulting from the tariff agreement concluded as a result of the GATT Uruguay Round, such reduced duties shall replace the basic duties referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article as from that date when such reductions are applied.
4. The reduced duties, calculated in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, shall be rounded off to the second decimal place.
5. The Contracting Parties shall mutually exchange their basic duties.

### **Article 4**

#### **Customs duties on imports and charges having equivalent effect**

1. No new customs duties on imports, charges having an effect equivalent to customs duties and other import duties of a fiscal nature shall be introduced in trade between the Contracting Parties.
2. Custom duties on imports and charges having equivalent effect, applicable in the Republic of Macedonia on industrial products originating in Bosnia and Herzegovina shall be abolished on the date of application of this Agreement, except for products specified in Annex 2 to this Agreement. Customs duties on imports and charges having equivalent effect of the products specified in Annex 2 of this Agreement, shall be abolished as it is specified in this Annex.
3. Customs duties on imports and charges having equivalent effect, applicable in Bosnia and Herzegovina on industrial products originating in the Republic of Macedonia shall be progressively reduced in accordance with the following timetable:

- |                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| - From July 1, 2002    | to 60% of the basic duty;                |
| - From January 1, 2003 | to 50% of the basic duty;                |
| - From January 1, 2004 | to 40% of the basic duty;                |
| - From January 1, 2005 | the remaining duties shall be abolished. |

#### **Article 5**

##### **Customs duties on exports and charges having equivalent effect**

1. No new custom duties on exports, charges having equivalent effect to customs duties, and other export duties of a fiscal nature shall be introduced in trade between the Contracting Parties.
2. The Contracting Parties shall abolish all customs duties on exports or charges having equivalent effect to custom duties, and other export duties of a fiscal nature on the date of application of this Agreement.

#### **Article 6**

##### **Quantitative restrictions on imports and measures having equivalent effect**

1. No new quantitative restrictions on imports or measures having equivalent effect shall be introduced in trade between the Contracting Parties on the date of application of this Agreement.
2. All quantitative restrictions on imports and measures having equivalent effect shall be abolished on the date of application of this Agreement.

#### **Article 7**

##### **Quantitative restrictions on exports and measures having equivalent effect**

1. No new quantitative restrictions on exports or measures having equivalent effect shall be introduced in trade between the Contracting Parties on the date of application of this Agreement.
2. All quantitative restrictions on exports and measures having equivalent effect shall be abolished on the date of application of this Agreement.

#### **Article 8**

##### **Elimination of technical barriers to trade**

1. The rights and obligations of the Contracting Parties relating to standards or technical regulations and related measures shall be governed in accordance with the WTO Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade.

2. The Contracting Parties shall co-operate and exchange information in the field of standardization, metrology, conformity assessment and accreditation with the aim of eliminating technical barriers to trade.
3. Each Contracting Party, upon a request of the other Contracting Party, shall provide information on particular individual cases of standards, technical norms or related measures.
4. The Contracting Parties shall aim to reduce technical barriers to trade. To this end the Contracting Parties will enter, where appropriate, into negotiations for the conclusion of the Agreements for the mutual recognition in the field of conformity assessment, for the products subject to mutual trade between the Contracting Parties.

## **CHAPTER II**

### **Agricultural products**

#### **Article 9**

##### **Scope**

1. The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to agricultural products originating in the Contracting Parties.
2. The term "agricultural products" means for the purpose of this Agreement the products falling within Chapters 1 to 24 of the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System and the products listed in Annex 1 to this Agreement.

#### **Article 10**

##### **Basic duties**

1. For commercial exchanges covered by this Agreement, the Customs Tariffs of the Contracting Parties shall be applied to the classification of goods for imports into them.
2. For each product the basic duty to which the successive reductions set out in this Agreement are to be applied shall be the MFN duty in force on the date of application of this Agreement.
3. If after the date of application of this Agreement, any tariff reduction is applied on an *erga omnes* basis, in particular, reductions resulting from the tariff agreement concluded as a result of the GATT Uruguay Round, such reduced duties shall replace the basic duties referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article as from that date when such reductions are applied.

4. The reduced duties, calculated in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, shall be rounded off to the second decimal place.
5. The Contracting Parties shall mutually exchange their basic duties.

**Article 11**  
**Customs duties on imports and charges having equivalent effect**

1. No new customs duties on imports, charges having an effect equivalent to customs duties and other import duties of a fiscal nature shall be introduced in trade between the Contracting Parties.
2. Custom duties on imports and charges having equivalent effect, applicable in the Republic of Macedonia on agricultural products originating in Bosnia and Herzegovina shall be abolished on the date of application of this Agreement, except for products specified in Annex 3 to this Agreement. Customs duties on imports and charges having equivalent effect of the products specified in Annex 3 of this Agreement, shall be abolished as it is specified in this Annex.
3. Customs duties on imports and charges having equivalent effect, applicable in Bosnia and Herzegovina on agricultural products originating in the Republic of Macedonia shall be progressively reduced in accordance with the following timetable:

- From July 1, 2002	to 60% of their value;
- From January 1, 2003	to 50% of their value;
- From January 1, 2004	to 40% of their value;
- From January 1, 2005	the remaining duties shall be abolished.

**Article 12**  
**Agricultural policy**

1. Without prejudice to the provisions under Article 10 of this Agreement, the provisions of the Chapter II of this Agreement shall not restrict in any way the pursuance of the respective agricultural policies of the Contracting Parties or the taking of any measures under such policies, including the implementation of the provisions of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture.
2. The Contracting Parties shall notify to the Joint Committee changes in their respective agricultural policies pursued or measures which may affect the conditions of trade in agricultural products between them. On the request of either Contracting Party, prompt consultations shall be held within the Joint Committee, to examine the situation.

### **Article 13** **Specific safeguards**

Notwithstanding other provisions of this Agreement, in particular Article 20 of this Agreement, given the particular sensitivity of the agricultural products, if imports of products originating in one Contracting Party, which are subject of concessions, granted under this Agreement, cause serious disturbances to the market of the other Contracting Party, the Contracting Party concerned shall enter into prompt consultations to find an appropriate solution. Pending such solution, the Contracting Party concerned may take appropriate measures it deems necessary.

### **Article 14** **Sanitary and phytosanitary measures**

1. The Contracting Parties shall apply their national regulations in veterinary, phytosanitary and sanitary matters, in particular in the exchange of information on infectious diseases of domestic animals, quarantine diseases, plant pests and weed, in a way that complies to the WTO Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures.
2. The Contracting Parties shall apply their regulations in veterinary, phytosanitary and sanitary matters in a non-discriminatory way and shall not introduce new measures that may have the effect of unduly obstructing trade.
3. The measures, concerning veterinary and phytosanitary control among the Contracting Parties, shall be harmonized in accordance with the European Union (hereinafter referred to as "EU") legislation.
4. The Contracting Parties undertake the obligations to exchange information on the level of the sanitary and phytosanitary protection of animals, plants and products.
5. The Contracting Parties shall conclude Agreement for mutual co-operation in veterinary and phytosanitary matters and plants protection.

### **Article 15** **Elimination of technical barriers to trade**

1. The rights and obligations of the Contracting Parties relating to standards or technical regulations and related measures shall be governed in accordance with the WTO Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade.
2. The Contracting Parties shall co-operate and exchange information in the field of standardization, metrology, conformity assessment and accreditation with the aim of eliminating technical barriers to trade.



3. Each Contracting Party, upon a request of the other Contracting Party, shall provide information on particular individual cases of standards, technical norms or related measures.
4. The Contracting Parties shall aim to reduce technical barriers to trade. To this end the Contracting Parties will enter, where appropriate, into negotiations for the conclusion of the Agreements for the mutual recognition in the field of conformity assessment, for the products subject to mutual trade between the Contracting Parties.

### **CHAPTER III General provisions**

#### **Article 16 Internal taxation**

1. The Contracting Parties shall refrain from any measure or practice of an internal fiscal nature establishing, whether directly or indirectly, discrimination between the products originating in the Contracting Parties.
2. Products exported to one of the Contracting Parties may not benefit from repayment of internal taxes in excess of the amount of indirect taxes imposed on them.

#### **Article 17 Customs unions, free trade areas and frontier trade**

1. This Agreement shall not prevent the maintenance or establishment of customs unions, free trade areas or arrangements for frontier trade to the extent that these do not negatively affect the trade regime between the Contracting Parties and in particular the provisions concerning rules of origin provided for by this Agreement.
2. Exchange of information shall take place, upon request of either Contracting Party, within the Joint Committee concerning agreements establishing such custom unions or free trade areas.

#### **Article 18 Structural adjustment**

1. Exceptional measures of limited duration which are not in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 of this Agreement may be taken by any of the Contracting Parties in the form of increased customs duties.

2. These measures may only concern infant industries, or certain sectors undergoing restructuring or facing serious difficulties, particularly where these difficulties produce important social problems.
3. Customs duties on imports applicable in one of the Contracting Parties to products originating in the other Contracting Party introduced in accordance with the paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article may not exceed 25% ad valorem and shall maintain an element of preference in customs duties for products originating in the other Contracting Party. The total value of imports of the products which are subject to these measures may not exceed 15% of total imports of industrial products from the other Contracting Party as defined in Chapter I of this Agreement, during the last year for which statistics are available.
4. These measures shall be applied for a period not exceeding five successive years unless a longer duration is authorized by the Joint Committee.
5. The Contracting Party concerned shall inform the other Contracting Party of any exceptional measures it intends to take and, at the request of the other Contracting Party, consultations shall be held immediately within the Joint Committee on such measures and the sectors to which they apply. When taking such measures the Contracting Party concerned shall provide the Joint Committee with a schedule for the elimination of the customs duties introduced under this Article. This schedule shall provide for a phasing out of these duties starting at the latest two years after their introduction, at equal annual rates. The Joint Committee may decide on a different schedule.

### **Article 19 Dumping**

If one of the Contracting Parties finds that dumping within the meaning of Article VI of the GATT 1994 is taking place in trade relations governed by this Agreement, it may take appropriate measures against those practices in accordance with the WTO Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the GATT 1994 under the conditions and in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 23 of this Agreement.

### **Article 20 General safeguards**

Where any product is being imported in such increased quantities and under conditions as to cause or threaten to cause:

- a) serious injuries to domestic producers of like or directly competitive products in the territory of the importing Contracting Party, or

- b) serious disturbances in any related sector of the economy or difficulties which could bring about serious deterioration in the economic situation of a certain region,

the Contracting Party concerned may take appropriate measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 23 of this Agreement.

### **Article 21** **Re-export and serious shortage**

Where compliance with the provisions of Articles 5 and 7 is related to:

- a) re-export towards a third country against which the exporting Contracting Party to this Agreement maintains for the product concerned quantitative export restrictions, export duties or measures or charges having equivalent effect; or
- b) a serious shortage, or threat thereof, of a product essential to the exporting Contracting Party;

and where the situations referred to above give rise or are likely to give rise to major difficulties for the exporting Contracting Party, that Contracting Party may take appropriate measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 23 of this Agreement. The measures shall be non-discriminatory and be eliminated when conditions no longer justify their maintenance.

### **Article 22** **State monopolies**

1. The Contracting Parties shall adjust progressively any State monopoly of a commercial character so as to ensure that by the end of the transitional period laid down in Article 1 of this Agreement, no discrimination regarding the conditions under which goods are procured and marketed, exists between natural and legal persons of the Contracting Parties. The Contracting Parties shall inform each other about the measures adopted to implement this objective.
2. The provisions of this Article shall apply to any body through which the competent authorities of the Contracting Parties, in law or in fact, either directly or indirectly supervise, determine or appreciably influence imports or exports between the Contracting Parties. These provisions shall likewise apply to monopolies delegated by the State to other bodies.

**Article 23**  
**Procedure for the application of safeguard measures**

1. Before initiating the procedure for the application of safeguard measures set out in the following paragraphs of this Article, the Contracting Parties shall endeavor to solve any differences between them through direct consultations.
2. In the event of either Contracting Party subjecting imports of products liable to give rise to the situation referred to in Article 20 of this Agreement to an administrative procedure having as its purpose the rapid provision of information on the trade flows, it shall inform the other Contracting Party.
3.
  - a) With regard to Articles 19, 20 and 21 of this Agreement, the Joint Committee shall examine the case or the situation and may take any decision needed to put an end to the difficulties notified by the Contracting Party concerned. In the case of the absence of such decision within 30 days from the date of the matter being referred to the Joint Committee, the Contracting Party concerned may adopt the necessary measures in order to remedy the situation.
  - b) As regards Article 34 of this Agreement, the Contracting Party concerned may take appropriate measures after the consultations have been concluded or a period of three months has elapsed from the date of the first written notification to the other Contracting Party.
  - c) With regard to Articles 26 and 27 of this Agreement, the Contracting Party concerned shall give the Joint Committee all the assistance required in order to examine the case and, where appropriate, eliminate the practice objected to. If the Contracting Party in question fails to put an end to the practice objected to within the period fixed by the Joint Committee, or if the Joint Committee fails to reach an agreement within thirty working days of the matter being referred to it, the Contracting Party concerned may adopt the appropriate measures to deal with the difficulties resulting from the practice in question.
4. The safeguard measures taken shall be immediately notified to the other Contracting Party. With regard to their extent and to their duration, measures shall be limited to what is strictly necessary in order to rectify the situation giving rise to their application and shall not be in excess of the injury caused by the practice or the difficulty in question. Priority shall be given to measures which will least disturb the functioning of this Agreement. The measures taken by a Contracting Party against an action or an omission of the other Contracting Party may only affect the trade with that Contracting Party.
5. The safeguard measures taken shall be the object of periodic consultations within the Joint Committee with a view to their relaxation as soon as possible, or abolition when conditions no longer justify their maintenance.

6. Where exceptional circumstances requiring immediate action make prior examination impossible, the Contracting Party concerned may, in the cases of Articles 19, 20 and 21 of this Agreement, apply forthwith the provisional measures necessary to remedy the situation. The measures taken shall be notified to the other Contracting Party without delay, and consultations between the Contracting Parties shall take place as soon as possible within the Joint Committee.
7. Without prejudice to paragraph 6 of this Article, a Contracting Party which considers resorting to safeguard measures shall promptly notify in writing the other Contracting Party thereof and supply all relevant information. Consultations between the Contracting Parties shall take place without delay within the Joint Committee with a view to finding a solution acceptable to both Contracting Parties.

#### **Article 24**

##### **Rules of origin and co-operation in customs administration**

1. The Contracting Parties agree to apply the harmonized European preferential rules of origin in the mutual trade including all existing and further amendments thereto. In case the European rules of origin are amended, the Joint Committee shall make a decision on amending rules of origin.
2. Protocol A to this Agreement (hereinafter referred to as "Protocol A") lays down the rules of origin and related methods of administrative co-operation.
3. The Contracting Parties shall take appropriate measures, including regular reviews by the Joint Committee and arrangements for administrative co-operation, to ensure that the provisions of Protocol A and Articles 3 to 8, 10, 11, 12, 16, 18, 20 and 21 of this Agreement are effectively and harmoniously applied, and to reduce, as far as possible, the formalities imposed on trade, and to achieve mutually satisfactory solutions to any difficulties arising from the operation of those provisions.
4. The Contracting Parties shall conclude separate Agreement for co-operation between their Customs Administration, as soon as possible.

#### **Article 25**

##### **Payments**

1. Any payment arising from trade of goods, services and rights to non material goods between the Contracting Parties shall be made in convertible currency.
2. Payments in freely convertible currencies relating to trade in goods between the Contracting Parties and the transfer of such payments to the territory of the

Contracting Party where the creditor resides shall be free from any restrictions.

3. The Contracting Parties shall refrain from any exchange or administrative restrictions on the grant, repayment or acceptance of short or medium term credits to trade in goods in which person residing in one of the Contracting Parties participates.
4. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 3 of this Article, any measures concerning current payments connected with the movement of goods shall be in conformity with the conditions laid down under Article VIII of the Agreement of the International Monetary Fund and shall be applied on a non-discriminatory basis.

### **Article 26** **Rules of competition concerning undertakings**

1. The following are incompatible with the proper functioning of this Agreement insofar as they may affect trade between the Contracting Parties:
  - a) all agreements between undertakings, decisions by associations of undertakings and concerted practices between undertakings which have as their object or effect the prevention, restriction or distortion of competition;
  - b) abuse by one or more undertakings of a dominant position in the territories of the Contracting Parties as a whole or in a substantial part thereof.
2. The provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article shall apply to the activities of all undertakings including public undertakings and undertakings to which the Contracting Parties grant special or exclusive rights. Undertakings entrusted with the operation of services of general economic interest or having the character of a revenue-producing monopoly, shall be subject to provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article insofar as the application of these provisions does not obstruct the performance, in law or in fact, of the particular public tasks assigned to them.
3. With regard to agricultural products the provisions of paragraph 1 a. of this Article shall not apply to such agreements, decisions and practices which form an integral part of a national market organization.
4. If a Contracting Party considers that a given practice is incompatible with paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this Article and if such practice causes or threatens to cause serious prejudice to the interest of that Contracting Party or material injury to its domestic industry, it may take appropriate measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 23 of this Agreement.

**Article 27**  
**State aid**

1. Any aid granted by a State being Contracting Party to this Agreement or through State resources in any form whatsoever which distorts or threatens to distort competition by favoring certain undertakings or the production of certain goods shall, insofar as it may affect trade between the Contracting Parties, be incompatible with the proper functioning of this Agreement.
2. For agricultural products the provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article shall comply with the relevant WTO Agreements.
3. The Joint Committee shall, within three years from the entry into force of this Agreement, adopt the criteria on the basis of which the practices contrary to paragraph 1 of this Article shall be assessed, as well as the rules for their implementation.
4. The Contracting Parties shall ensure transparency in the area of state aid, *inter alia* by reporting annually to the Joint Committee on the total amount and the distribution of the aid given and by providing to the other Contracting Party, upon request, information on aid schemes and on particular individual cases of state aid.
5. If a Contracting Party considers that a particular practice:
  - is incompatible with the terms of paragraph 1 of this Article, and is not adequately dealt with under the implementing rules referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article, or
  - in the absence of rules, referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article, causes or threatens to cause serious prejudice to the interest of that Contracting Party or material injury to its domestic industry,it may take appropriate measures under the conditions of and in accordance with the provisions laid down in Article 23 of this Agreement.
6. Such appropriate measures may only be taken in conformity with the procedures and under the conditions laid down by the GATT 1994 and the WTO, and any other relevant instruments negotiated under their auspices, which are applicable between the Contracting Parties concerned.

**Article 28**  
**Public procurement**

1. The Contracting Parties consider the liberalization of their respective public procurement markets as an objective of this Agreement.
2. The Contracting Parties shall progressively adjust their rules, conditions and practices with a view to grant suppliers of the other Contracting Party, access to contract award procedures on their public procurement markets, at the latest to the end of transitional period from Article 1 of this Agreement.
3. The Joint Committee shall examine developments related to the achievement of the objectives of this Article and may recommend practical modalities of implementing the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Article so as to ensure free access, transparency and mutual opening of their respective public procurement markets in the Contracting Parties.
4. The Contracting Parties shall endeavor to accede to the relevant Agreements on public procurements negotiated under the auspices of the GATT 1994 and WTO.

**Article 29**  
**Balance of payments difficulties**

1. The Contracting Parties shall endeavor to avoid the imposition of restrictive measures including measures relating to imports for balance of payments difficulties.
2. Where either Contracting Party is in a serious balance of payment's difficulties or under the threat thereof, the Contracting Party concerned may in accordance with the conditions laid down within the framework of WTO and in accordance with Article VIII of the Agreement of International Monetary Fund, adopt restrictive measures, which shall be of limited duration and may not go beyond what is necessary to remedy the balance of payments situation. The Contracting Party concerned shall inform the other Contracting Party forthwith of their introduction and present to the other Contracting Party, as soon as possible, a time schedule of their removal.



**Article 30**  
**Intellectual property rights**

1. The Contracting Parties confirm their readiness for co-operation regarding the questions related to intellectual property rights connected with the trade, and if it is necessary to use the measures constituting Annex I C to the Marrakech Agreement, establishing the WTO, as well as other conventions on questions related to intellectual property protection, to which both Contracting Parties are parties.
2. For the purpose of this Agreement the term "intellectual property" refers to all categories of intellectual property such as: copyrights and neighboring rights, trademarks, geographical indications, topographies of integrated circuits, industrial designs, patents, undisclosed information including know-how.
3. In fulfillment of their commitments under international agreements and legislation in the field of intellectual property rights, the Contracting Parties shall not grant to nationals of the state of the other Contracting Party treatment less favorable than that accorded to its own nationals or nationals of any third state.
4. The Contracting Parties shall co-operate in matters of intellectual property. Upon request of a Contracting Party, they shall hold consultations of experts on these matters, in particular with respect to activities relating the existing or to future international conventions on the harmonization, administration and vindication of intellectual property rights and on activities in international organizations, such as the WTO, World Intellectual Property Organization, as well as concerning the relations of the Contracting Parties with third countries with respect to the intellectual property matters.
5. The implementation of this Article shall be regularly assessed by the Contracting Parties. Upon difficulties in trade in relation with the rights of intellectual including industrial property, any of the Contracting Parties may request urgent consultations for finding mutually acceptable solution.

**Article 31**  
**The Joint Committee**

1. A Joint Committee is hereby established and shall be composed of the representatives of the Contracting Parties.
2. The implementation of this Agreement shall be supervised and administered by the Joint Committee.
3. For the purpose of the proper implementation of this Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall exchange information and, at the request of either

Contracting Party, shall hold consultations within the Joint Committee. The Committee shall keep under review the possibility of further removal of the obstacles to trade between the Contracting Parties.

4. The Joint Committee may take decisions in the cases provided for in this Agreement. On other matters the Committee may make recommendations.

### **Article 32** **Procedures of the Joint Committee**

1. For the proper implementation of this Agreement, the Joint Committee shall meet whenever necessary, but at least once a year. Either Contracting Party may request a meeting to be held.
2. The Joint Committee shall take decisions and recommendations by consensus.
3. If a representative of a Contracting Party in the Joint Committee, has accepted a decision subject to the fulfillment of constitutional and other legislative requirements the decision shall enter into force, if no later date is contained therein, on the day the lifting of the reservation is notified.
4. The Joint Committee shall adopt its rules of procedure which shall, *inter alia*, contain provisions for convening meetings and for the designation of the Chairman and his/her term of office.
5. The Joint Committee may decide to set up such sub-committees and working groups as it considers necessary to assist it in accomplishing its tasks.

### **Article 33** **Security exceptions**

1. Nothing in this Agreement shall prevent a Contracting Party from taking any appropriate measures which it considers necessary:
  - a) to prevent the disclosure of information contrary to its essential security interests;
  - b) for the protection of its essential security interests or for the implementation of international obligations or national policies:
    - i) relating to the traffic in arms, ammunition and implements of war, provided that such measures do not impair the conditions of competition in respect of products not intended for specifically military purposes, and to such traffic in other goods, materials and services as is carried on directly or

- indirectly for the purpose of supplying a military establishment;  
or
- ii) relating to the non-proliferation of biological and chemical weapons, nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices;  
or
  - iii) in time of war or other serious international tension constituting the threat of war.
2. In accordance with the regulations in force in the Contracting Parties, the competent authorities shall issue import and export licenses for those products to which, in import-export, applies licenses regime compulsory by the international agreements and conventions.
3. To mutual goods exchange originating in the Contracting Parties which contaminate human environment, the Contracting Parties shall apply provisions of the regulations in accordance to the international agreements and conventions.

#### **Article 34** **General exceptions**

Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as to prevent any Contracting Party from adopting or enforcing any measure allowed in Article XX of the GATT 1994.

#### **Article 35** **Fulfillment of obligations**

1. The Contracting Parties shall take all necessary measures to ensure the achievement of the objectives of this Agreement and the fulfillment of their obligations under this Agreement.
2. If either Contracting Party considers that the other Contracting Party has failed to fulfill an obligation under this Agreement, the Contracting Party concerned may take the appropriate measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 23 of this Agreement.

#### **Article 36** **Evolutionary clause**

1. Where either Contracting Party considers that it would be useful in the interest of the economies of the Contracting Parties to develop the relations established by this Agreement by extending them to fields not covered

thereby, it shall submit a reasoned request to the other Contracting Party. The Contracting Parties may instruct the Joint Committee to examine this request and, where appropriate, to make recommendations to them, particularly with a view to opening negotiations.

2. Agreements resulting from the procedure referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article will be subject to ratification or approval by the Contracting Parties to this Agreement in accordance with their internal legal procedures.

### **Article 37 Amendments**

Amendments to this Agreement, including Annexes and Protocol, may be proposed by either Contracting Party and shall enter into force on the date of receipt of the last notification, through diplomatic channels, confirming that all internal legal procedures required by either Contracting Party for their entry into force have been fulfilled.

### **Article 38 Protocols and annexes**

Annexes and Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of “originating products” and methods of administrative co-operation to this Agreement shall form an integral part thereof. The Joint Committee may decide to amend them subject to the domestic procedures of the Contracting Parties.

### **Article 39 Validity and denouncement**

1. This Agreement is concluded for an indefinite period of time.
2. Each Contracting Party may denounce this Agreement through diplomatic channels by a written notification to the other Contracting Party. In such case the Agreement shall be denounced on the first day of the seventh month after the date when the other Contracting Party has received the written notification.
3. The Contracting Parties agreed, that in case of accession of one of the Contracting Parties to the European Union, the Agreement will be terminated without successive compensations for the other Contracting Party, on the day before the date of the accession to the EU, and in accordance with the procedure laid down in paragraph 2 of this Article.

**Article 40**  
**Entry into force**

This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the date when the Contracting Parties have notified each other through diplomatic channels that their respective internal requirements for the entry into force of this Agreement have been fulfilled.

**Article 41**  
**Provisional application**

This Agreement shall be applied provisionally from 1 July 2002.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the undersigned plenipotentiaries, being duly authorized thereto, have signed this Agreement.

DONE at \_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2002 in two originals, in English language, each being equally authentic.

**For the Republic of Macedonia**

**For Bosnia and Herzegovina**

### Annex 1

(Referred to in Article 2 and 9 of this Agreement)

<b>HS code</b>	<b>BRIEF PRODUCT DESCRIPTION</b>
2905 43	Mannitol
2905 44	D-glucitol (sorbitol)
3302 10 29	Other mixtures of odoriferous substances and mixtures
3501 10	Casein
3501 10 10	For the manufacture or degenerated textile fibres
3501 10 50	For industrial uses other than manufacture of foodstuffs or fodder
3501 10 90	Other
3501 90	Other
3501 90 90	Other
3502	Albumins (including concentrates of two or more whey proteins, containing by weight more than 80% whey proteins calculated on the dry matter), albuminates and other albumin derivatives
3505	Dextrins and other modified starches, glues based on starches
3809	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations
4501	Natural cork, raw or simply prepared; waste cork; crushed, granulated, or groundcork
5201 00	Cotton, not carded or combed
5301	Flax, raw or processed but not spun; flax tow and waste (incl. Yarn waste and garnetted stock)
5302	True hemp (Cannabis sativa), raw or processed but not spun; tow and waste of true hemp (incl. Yarn waste and garnetted stock)

## **Annex 2**

**(Referred to in paragraph 2, Article 4 of this Agreement)**

1. Customs duties for products within the Custom Tariff Code: 2710, 4819 10 00 00 and 4819 30 00 00 originating in Bosnia and Herzegovina when imported in the Republic of Macedonia will maintain the MFN custom duty in force until 31 December 2004. Starting from 1 January 2005 customs duty rates for the concerned products will be 0%.
2. The Republic of Macedonia shall continue to apply import licenses on a non-discriminatory basis, until 31 December 2003, for industrial products originating in Bosnia and Herzegovina within the Custom Tariff Code 2710 11 and 2710 19.

**Annex 3**

**(Referred to in paragraph 2, Article 11 of this Agreement)**

1. Customs duties (ad valorem and specific duties) for products within the Customs Tariff Code 0401 20 and 0406 90 originating in Bosnia and Herzegovina, when imported in the Republic of Macedonia will maintain the MFN custom duty in force until 31 December 2004. Starting from 1 January 2005 customs duty rates for the concerned products will be 0%.



#### **Annex 4**

1. Bosnia and Herzegovina undertakes to harmonize its customs record regulations in accordance to the relevant WTO rules, until the end of the transitional period referred to in Article 1 of this Agreement. Starting from 1 January 2005 Bosnia and Herzegovina shall not charge 1% customs record charge in respect to products originating in the Republic of Macedonia.
  
2. The Contracting Parties agreed that inclusion of charges having equivalent effect into customs duties referred to paragraph 3 of Article 11 of this Agreement shall not be regarded as an increase of customs duties, if they are in the same amounts as existing on the date of application of this Agreement.

## ANNEX I

### INTRODUCTORY NOTES TO THE LIST IN ANNEX II

**Note 1:**

The list sets out for the conditions required for all products to be considered as sufficiently worked or processed within the meaning of Article 5 of this Protocol.

**Note 2:**

- 2.1 The first two columns in the list describe the product obtained. The first column gives the heading number or chapter number used in the Harmonized System and the second column gives the description of goods used in that system for that heading or chapter. For each entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in columns 3 or 4. Where, in some cases, the entry in the first column is preceded by an “ex”, this signifies that the rules in columns 3 or 4 apply only to the part of that heading or chapter as described in column 2.
- 2.2. Where several heading numbers are grouped together in column 1 or a chapter number is given and the description of products in column 2 is therefore given in general terms, the adjacent rules in columns 3 or 4 apply to all products which, under the Harmonized System, are classified in headings of the chapter or in any of the headings grouped together in column 1.
- 2.3. Where there are different rules in the list applying to different products within a heading, each indent contains the description of that part of the heading covered by the adjacent rules in columns 3 or 4.
- 2.4. Where, for an entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in both columns 3 and 4, the exporter may opt, as an alternative, to apply either the rule set out in column 3 or that set out in column 4. If no origin rule is given in column 4, the rule set out in column 3 is to be applied.

**Note 3:**

- 3.1. The provisions of Article 5 of this Protocol concerning products having acquired originating status which are used in the manufacture of other products, shall apply, regardless of whether this status has been acquired inside the factory where these products are used or in another factory in a Contracting Party.

*Example:*

An engine of heading 8407, for which the rule states that the value of the non-originating materials which may be incorporated may not exceed 40 per cent of the ex-works price, is made from other alloy steel roughly shaped by forging of heading ex 7224.

If this forging has been forged in a Contracting Party from a non-originating ingot, it has already acquired originating status by virtue of the rule for heading ex 7224 in the list. The forging can then count as originating in the value calculation for the engine

regardless of whether it was produced in the same factory or in another factory in the Contracting Party concerned. The value of the non-originating ingot is thus not taken into account when adding up the value of the non-originating materials used.

- 3.2. The rule in the list represents the minimum amount of working or processing required and the carrying out of more working or processing also confers originating status; conversely, the carrying out of less working or processing cannot confer originating status. Thus if a rule provides that non-originating material at a certain level of manufacture may be used, the use of such material at an earlier stage of manufacture is allowed and the use of such material at a later stage is not.
- 3.3. Without prejudice to Note 3.2 where a rule uses the expression “Manufacture from materials of any heading”, than materials of any heading(s) (even materials of the same description and heading as the product) may be used, subject, however, to any specific limitations which may also be contained in the rule.

However, the expression “Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading ...” or “Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of the same heading as the product” means that materials of any heading(s) may be used, except those of the same description as the product as given in column 2 of the list.

- 3.4. When a rule in the list specifies that a product may be manufactured from more than one material, this means that any one or more materials may be used. It does not require that all be used.

*Example:*

The rule for fabrics of heading 5208 to 5212 provides that natural fibre may be used and that chemical materials, among other materials, may also be used. This does not mean that both have to be used; it is possible to use one or the other or both.

- 3.5. Where a rule in the list specifies that a product must be manufactured from a particular material, the condition obviously does not prevent the use of other materials which, because of their inherent nature, cannot satisfy the rule. (See also Note 6.2 below in relation to textiles).

*Example:*

The rule for prepared foods of heading 1904 which specifically excludes the use of cereals and their derivatives does not prevent the use of mineral salts, chemicals and other additives which are not produced from cereals.

However, this does not apply to products which, although they cannot be manufactured from the particular material specified in the list, can be produced from a material of the same nature at an earlier stage of manufacture.

*Example:*

In the case of an article of apparel of ex Chapter 62 made from non-woven materials, if the use of only non-originating yarn is allowed for this class of article, it is not possible to start from non-woven cloth - even if non-woven cloths cannot normally be made from

yarn. In such cases, the starting material would normally be at the stage before yarn - that is the fibre stage.

- 3.6. Where, in a rule in the list, two percentages are given for the maximum value of non-originating materials that can be used, then these percentages may not be added together. In other words, the maximum value of all the non- originating materials used may never exceed the highest of the percentages given. Furthermore, the individual percentages must not be exceeded in relation to the particular materials they apply to.

**Note 4:**

- 4.1. The term “natural fibres” is used in the list to refer to fibres other than artificial or synthetic fibres. It is restricted to the stages before spinning takes place, including waste, and, unless otherwise specified, includes fibres that have been carded, combed or otherwise processed but not spun.
- 4.2. The term “natural fibres” includes horsehair of heading 0503, silk of heading 5002 and 5003 as well as the wool fibres, fine or coarse animal hair of heading 5101 to 5105, the cotton fibres of heading 5201 to 5203 and the other vegetable fibres of heading 5301 to 5305.
- 4.3. The terms “textile pulp”, “chemical materials” and “paper-making materials” are used in the list to describe the materials not classified in Chapters 50 to 63, which can be used to manufacture artificial, synthetic or paper fibres or yarns.
- 4.4. The term “man-made staple fibres” is used in the list to refer to synthetic or artificial filament tow, staple fibres or waste, of heading 5501 to 5507.

**Note 5:**

- 5.1. Where for a given product in the list a reference is made to this Note, the conditions set out in column 3 shall not be applied to any basic textile materials, used in the manufacture of this product, which, taken together, represent 10 per cent or less of the total weight of all the basic textile materials used. (See also Notes 5.3 and 5.4 below).
- 5.2. However, the tolerance mentioned in Note 5.1 may only be applied to mixed products which have been made from two or more basic textile materials.

The following are the basic textile materials:

- silk,
- wool,
- coarse animal hair,
- fine animal hair,
- horsehair,
- cotton,
- paper-making materials and paper,
- flax,
- true hemp,
- jute and other textile bast fibres,
- sisal and other textile fibres of the genus Agave,
- coconut, abaca, ramie and other vegetable textile fibres,

- synthetic man-made filaments
- artificial man-made filaments,
- current conducting filaments,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polypropylene,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyester,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyamide,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyacrylonitrile,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyimide,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polytetrafluoroethylene,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyphenylene sulphide,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyvinyl chloride,
- other synthetic man-made staple fibres,
- artificial man-made staple fibres of viscose,
- other artificial man-made staple fibres
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether whether or not gimped,
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyester whether or not gimped,
- products of heading 5605 (moralized yarn) incorporating strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of transparent or colored adhesive between two layers of plastic film,
- other products of heading 5605.

*Example:*

A yarn of heading 5205 made from cotton fibres of heading 5203 and synthetic staple fibres of heading 5506 is a mixed yarn. Therefore, non-originating synthetic staple fibres that do not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) may be used, provided that their total weight does not exceed 10 per cent of the weight of the yarn.

*Example:*

A woollen fabric of heading 5112 made from woollen yarn of heading 5107 and synthetic yarn of staple fibres of heading 5509 is a mixed fabric. Therefore synthetic yarn which does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) or woollen yarn that does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning) or a combination of the two may be used, provided that their total weight does not exceed 10 per cent of the weight of the fabric.

*Example:*

Tufted textile fabric of heading 5802 made from cotton yarn of heading 5205 and cotton fabric of heading 5210 is only a mixed product if the cotton fabric is itself a mixed fabric being made from yarns classified in two separate headings or if the cotton yarns used are themselves mixtures.

*Example:*

If the tufted textile fabric concerned had been made from cotton yarn of heading 5205

and synthetic fabric of heading 5407, then, obviously, the yarns used are two separate basic textile materials and the tufted textile fabric is accordingly a mixed product.

- 5.3. In the case of products incorporating “yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether whether or not gimped” this tolerance is 20 per cent in respect of this yarn.
- 5.4. In the case of products incorporating “strip consisting of a core of aluminum foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminum powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiches by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between two layers of plastic film”, this tolerance is 30 per cent in respect of this strip.

**Note 6:**

- 6.1. Where, in the list, reference is made to this Note, textile materials (with the exception of linings and interlinings), which do not satisfy the rule set out in the list in column 3 for the made up product concerned, may be used, provided that they are classified in a heading other than that of the product and that their value does not exceed 8 per cent of the ex- works price of the product.
- 6.2. Without prejudice to Note 6.3, materials, which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63, may be used freely in the manufacture of textile products, whether or not they contain textiles.

*Example:*

If a rule in the list provides that, for a particular textile item (such as trousers), yarn must be used, this does not prevent the use of metal items, such as buttons, because buttons are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63. For the same reason, it does not prevent the use of slide-fasteners even though slide-fasteners normally contain textiles.

- 6.3. Where a percentage rule applies, the value of materials which are not classified within Chapter 50 to 63 must be taken into account when calculating the value of the non-originating materials incorporated.

**Note 7:**

- 7.1. For the purposes of heading ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, the “specific processes” are the following:
  - (a) vacuum distillation;
  - (b) redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process
  - (c) cracking;
  - (d) reforming;
  - (e) extraction by means of selective solvents;
  - (f) the process comprising all the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralization with alkaline agents; decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
  - (g) polymerization;
  - (h) alkylation;
  - (i) isomerization;

- 7.2. For the purposes of heading 2710, 2711 and 2712, the “specific processes” are the following:
- (a) vacuum distillation;
  - (b) redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process;
  - (c) cracking;
  - (d) reforming;
  - (e) extraction by means of selective solvents;
  - (f) the process comprising all the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralization with alkaline agents; decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
  - (g) polymerization;
  - (h) alkylation;
  - (i) isomerization;
  - (k) in respect of heavy oils falling within heading ex 2710 only, desulphurization with hydrogen resulting in a reduction of at least 85 per cent of the sulphur content of the products processed (ASTM D 1266-59 T method);
  - (l) in respect of products falling within heading 2710 only, deparaffining by a process other than filtering;
  - (m) in respect of heavy oils falling within heading ex 2710 only, treatment with hydrogen at a pressure of more than 20 bar and a temperature of more than 250° C with the use of a catalyst, other than to effect desulphurisation, when the hydrogen constitutes an active element in a chemical reaction. The further treatment with hydrogen of lubricating oils of heading ex 2710 (e.g. hydrofinishing or decolourisation) in order, more especially, to improve color or stability shall not, however, be deemed to be a specific process;
  - (n) in respect of fuel oils falling within heading ex 2710 only, atmospheric distillation, on condition that less than 30 per cent of these products distills, by volume, including losses, at 300°C by the ASTM D 86 method;
  - (o) in respect of heavy oils other than gas oils and fuel oils falling within heading ex 2710 only, treatment by means of a high-frequency electrical brush-discharge.
  - (p) in respect of crude products of heading ex 2712 (other than petroleum jelly, ozokerite, lignite wax or peat wax, paraffin wax containing by weight less than 0,75 per cent of oil) only, de-oiling by fractional crystallization.
- 7.3. For the purposes of heading ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, simple operations such as cleaning, decanting, desalting, water separation, filtering, coloring, marking, obtaining a sulphur content as a result of mixing products with different sulphur contents, any combination of these operations or like operations do not confer origin.

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

## ANNEX II

List of working or processing required to be carried out on non originating materials in order that the product manufactured can obtain originating status

**The products mentioned in the list may not all be covered by the Agreement. It is therefore necessary to consult the other parts of the Agreement.**



HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Chapter 1	Live animals	All the animals of Chapter 1 used shall be wholly obtained	
Chapter 2	Meat and edible meat offal	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 1 and 2 used are wholly obtained	
Chapter 3	Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 3 used are wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 4  0403	Dairy produce: birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included, except for;  Buttermilk, curdled milk and cream, yoghurt, kephir and other fermented or acidified milk and cream, whether or not concentrated or containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured or containing added fruit, nuts or cocoa	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained  Manufacture in which:  - all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained,  - all the fruit juice (except that of pineapple, lime or grapefruit) of heading 2009 used is originating, and  - the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 5  ex 0502	Products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included: except for;  Prepared pigs', hogs' or boars' bristles and hair	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 5 used are wholly obtained  Cleaning, disinfecting, sorting and straightening of bristles and hair	
Chapter 6	Live trees and other plants; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and ornamental foliage	Manufacture in which:  - all the materials of Chapter 6 used are wholly obtained, and  - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 7	Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 7 used are wholly obtained	
Chapter 8	Edible fruits and nuts; peel of citrus	Manufacture in which:	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	fruits or melons	<p>- all the fruit and nuts used are wholly obtained, and</p> <p>- the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the value of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
<p>ex Chapter 9</p> <p>0901</p> <p>0902</p> <p>ex 0910</p>	<p>Coffee, tea, mate and spices; except for:</p> <p>Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated; coffee husks and skins; coffee substitutes containing coffee in any proportion</p> <p>Tea, whether or not flavoured</p> <p>Mixtures of spices</p>	<p>Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 9 used are wholly obtained</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading</p>	
Chapter 10	Cereals	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 10 used are wholly obtained	
<p>ex Chapter 11</p> <p>ex 1106</p>	<p>Products of the milling industry; malt; starches; inulin; wheat gluten; except for;</p> <p>Flour, meal and powder of the dried, shelled leguminous vegetables of heading 0713</p>	<p>Manufacture in which all the cereals, edible vegetables, roots and tubers of heading 0714 or fruit used are wholly obtained</p> <p>Drying and milling of leguminous vegetables of heading 0708</p>	
Chapter 12	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits; miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit; industrial or medicinal plants; straw and fodder	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 12 used are wholly obtained	
<p>1301</p> <p>1302</p>	<p>Lac; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and oleoresins (for example, balsams)</p> <p>Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, whether or not modified, derived from vegetable products:</p> <p>- Mucilages and thickeners, modified, derived from vegetable</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 1301 used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from non- modified mucilages and thickeners</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	products - Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 14	Vegetable plaiting materials; vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 14 used are wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 15	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their cleavage products; prepared edible fats; animals or vegetable waxes; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
1501	Pig fat (including lard) and poultry fat, other than that of heading 0209 or 1503		
	- Fats from bones or waste	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 0203, 0206 or 0207 or bones of heading 0506	
	- Other	Manufacture from meat or edible offal of swine of heading 0203 or 0206 or of meat and edible offal of poultry of heading 0207	
1502	Fats of bovine animals sheep or goats, other than those of heading 1503:		
	- Fats from bones or waste	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 0201, 0202, 0204 or 0206 or bones of heading 0506	
	- Other	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 2 used are wholly obtained	
1504	Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified:		
	- Solid fractions	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 1504	
	- Other	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used are wholly obtained	
ex 1505	Refined lanolin	Manufacture from crude wool grease of heading 1505	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1506	<p>Other animals fats and oils and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solid fractions</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 1506</p> <p>Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 2 used are wholly obtained</p>	
1507 to 1515	<p>Vegetable oils and their fractions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Soya, ground nut, palm, copra, palm kernel, babassu, tung and oiticica oil, myrtle wax and Japan wax, fractions of jojoba oil and oils for technical or industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption</li> <li>- Solid fractions, except for that of jojoba oil</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from other materials of headings 1507 to 1515</p> <p>Manufacture in which all the vegetable materials used are wholly obtained</p>	
1516	<p>Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, partly or wholly hydrogenated, iner-esterified, re-esterified or elaidinised, whether or not refined, but not further prepared</p>	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- all the materials of Chapter 2 used are wholly obtained, and</li> <li>- all the vegetable materials used are wholly obtained. However, materials of headings 1507, 1508, 1511 and 1513 may be used</li> </ul>	
1517	<p>Margarine; edible mixtures or preparations of animal or vegetable fats or oils or of fractions of different fats or oils of this Chapter, other than edible fats or oils or their fractions of heading 1516</p>	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- all the materials of Chapters 2 and 4 used are wholly obtained, and</li> <li>- all the vegetable materials used are wholly obtained. However, materials of headings 1507, 1508, 1511 and 1513 may be used</li> </ul>	
Chapter 16	<p>Preparations of meat, of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates</p>	<p>Manufacture:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- from animals of Chapter 1, and/or</li> <li>- in which all the materials of Chapter 3 used are wholly obtained</li> </ul>	



HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1902	<p>specified or included; food preparations of goods of headings 0401 to 0404, not containing cocoa or containing less than 5% by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Malt extract</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul> <p>Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed (with meat or other substances) or otherwise prepared, such as spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, lasagne, gnocchi, ravioli, cannelloni; couscous, whether or not prepared:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Containing 20% or less by weight of meat, meat offal, fish, crustaceans or molluscs</li> <li>- Containing more than 20% by weight of meat, meat offal, fish, crustaceans or molluscs</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10</p> <p>Manufacture:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</li> <li>- in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul> <p>Manufacture in which all the cereals and derivatives (except durum wheat and its derivatives) used are wholly obtained</p> <p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- all the cereals and their derivatives (except durum wheat and its derivatives) used are wholly obtained, and</li> <li>- all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used are wholly obtained</li> </ul>	
1903	Tapioca and substitutes therefor prepared from starch, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or in similar forms	Manufacture from materials of any heading except potato starch of heading 1108	
1904	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereal or cereal products (for example, corn flakes); cereals, (other than maize (corn)) in grain form, or in the form of flakes or other worked grains (except flour, groats and meal), pre-cooked, or otherwise prepared, not elsewhere specified or included	<p>Manufacture:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- from materials of any heading, except those of heading 1806,</li> <li>- in which all the cereals and flour (except durum wheat and <i>Zea indurata</i> maize, and their derivatives) used are wholly obtained, and</li> <li>- in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does</li> </ul>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1905	Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa; communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products	not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of Chapter 11	
ex Chapter 20  ex 2001  ex 2004 and ex 2005  2006  2007  ex 2008    2009	Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants, except for:  Yams, sweet potatoes and similar edible parts of plants containing 5% or more by weight of starch, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid  Potatoes in the form of flour, meal or flakes, prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid  Vegetables, fruit, nuts, fruit-peel and other parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glace or crystallized)  Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit or nut puree and fruit or nut pastes, obtained by cooking, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter  - Nuts, not containing added sugar or spirits  - Peanut butter, mixtures based on cereals; palm hearts; maize (corn)  - Other except for fruit and nuts cooked otherwise than by steaming or boiling in water, not containing added sugar, frozen  Fruit juices and vegetable juices	Manufacture in which all the fruit, nuts or vegetables used are wholly obtained  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture:  - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture in which the value of all the originating nuts and oil seeds of headings 0801, 0802 and 1202 to 1207 used exceeds 60% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture:  - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  -in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture:	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	(including grape must), unfermented and not containing added spirit, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	<p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
<p>ex Chapter 21</p> <p>ex 2101</p> <p>2103</p> <p>ex 2104</p> <p>2106</p>	<p>Miscellaneous edible preparations; except for:</p> <p>Extracts, essences and concentrates, of coffee, tea or mate and preparations with a basis of these products or with a basis of coffee, tea or mate; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes, and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof</p> <p>Sauces and preparations therefor; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings; mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard</p> <p>- Sauces and preparations therefor; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings</p> <p>- Mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard</p> <p>Soups and broths and preparations therefor</p> <p>Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</p> <p>- in which all the chicory used is wholly obtained</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, mustard flour or meal or prepared mustard may be used</p> <p>-Manufacture from materials of any heading</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except prepared or preserved vegetables of headings 2002 to 2005</p> <p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the products</p>	
<p>ex Chapter 22</p> <p>2202</p>	<p>Beverages, spirits and vinegar, except for:</p> <p>Waters, including mineral waters and</p>	<p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</p> <p>- in which all the grapes or materials derived from grapes used are wholly obtained</p> <p>Manufacture:</p>	



HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
2207	aerated waters, containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit or vegetable juices of heading 2009  Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of 80% vol or higher; ethyl alcohol and other spirits, denatured, of any strength	<p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product,</p> <p>- in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the products, and</p> <p>-in which all the fruit juice used (except that of pineapple, lime or grapefruit) is originating</p> <p>Manufacture:</p> <p>-from materials of any heading, except headings 2207 or 2208, and</p> <p>- in which all the grapes or materials derived from grapes used are wholly obtained or, if all the other materials used are already originating, arrack may be used up to a limit of 5% by volume</p>	
2208	Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of less than 80% vol; spirits, liqueurs and other spirituous beverages	<p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except headings 2207 or 2208, and</p> <p>-in which all the grapes or materials derived from grapes used are wholly obtained or, if all the other materials used are already originating, arrack may be used up to a limit of 5% by volume</p>	
ex Chapter 23	Residues and waste from the food industries; prepared animal fodder, except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex 2301	Whale meal; flours, meals and pellets of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates, unfit for human consumption	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used are wholly obtained	
ex 2303	Residues from the manufacture of starch from maize (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on the dry product, exceeding 40% by weight	Manufacture in which all the maize used are wholly obtained	
ex 2306	Oil cake and other solid residues resulting from the extraction of olive oil, containing more than 3% of olive oil	Manufacture in which all the olives used are wholly obtained	
2309	Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <p>- all the cereals, sugar or molasses,</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		meat or milk used are originating, and  - all the materials of Chapter 3 used are wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 24  2402  ex 2403	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes, except for:  Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes, of tobacco or of tobacco substitutes  Smoking tobacco	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 24 used are wholly obtained  Manufacture in which at least 70% by weight of the unmanufactured tobacco or tobacco refuse of heading 2401 used is originating  Manufacture in which at least 70% by weight of the unmanufactured tobacco or tobacco refuse of heading 2401 used is originating	
ex Chapter 25  ex 2504  ex 2515  ex 2516  ex 2518  ex 2519  ex 2520  ex 2524  ex 2525	Salt; sulphur; earths and stone; plastering materials; lime and cement; except for:  Natural crystalline graphite, with enriched carbon content, purified and ground  Marble, merely cut by sawing or otherwise into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm  Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, merely cut by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm  Calcined dolomite  Crushed natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite), in hermetically sealed containers, and magnesium oxide, whether or not pure, other than fused magnesia or dead burned (sintered) magnesia  Plasters specially prepared for dentistry  Natural asbestos fibres  Mica powder	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Enriching of the carbon content, purifying and grinding of crude crystalline graphite  Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of marble (even if already sawn) of a thickness exceeding 25 cm  Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of stone (even if already sawn) of a thickness exceeding 25 cm  Calcination of dolomite not calcined  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite) may be used  Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from asbestos concentrate  Grinding of mica or mica waste	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex 2530	Earth colours, calcined or powdered	Calcination or grinding of earth colours	
Chapter 26	Ores, slag and ash	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex Chapter 27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex 2707	Oils in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the non-aromatic constituents, being oils similar to mineral oils obtained by distillation of high temperature coal tar, of which more than 65% by volume distils at a temperature of up to 250°C (including mixtures of petroleum spirit and benzole), for use as power or heating fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) <sup>(1)</sup> or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2709	Crude oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Destructive distillation of bituminous materials	
2710	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous materials, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing by weight 70% or more of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations; waste oils	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) <sup>(2)</sup> or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) <sup>(2)</sup> or Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
2712	Petroleum jelly; paraffin wax, microcrystalline petroleum wax,	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) <sup>(2)</sup>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
2713	<p>slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax, other mineral waxes and similar products obtained by synthesis or by other processes, whether or not coloured</p> <p>Petroleum coke, petroleum bitumen and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials</p>	<p>or</p> <p>Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)<sup>(1)</sup></p> <p>or</p> <p>Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
2714	Bitumen and asphalt, natural; bituminous or oil shale and tar sands; asphaltites and asphaltic rocks	<p>Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)<sup>(1)</sup></p> <p>or</p> <p>Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
2715	Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, on natural bitumen, on petroleum bitumen, on mineral tar or on mineral tar pitch	<p>Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)<sup>(1)</sup></p> <p>or</p> <p>Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
ex Chapter 28	Inorganic chemicals; organic or inorganic compounds or precious metals, of rare-earth metals, of radioactive elements or of isotopes; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex 2805	"Mischmetall"	value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture by electrolytic or thermal treatment in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2811	Sulphur trioxide	Manufacture from sulphur dioxide	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2833	Aluminium sulphate	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2840	Sodium perborate	Manufacture from disodium tetraborate pentahydrate	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 29	Organic chemicals; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2901	Acyclic hydrocarbons for use as power or heating fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) <sup>(1)</sup>  or  Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2902	Cyclanes and cyclenes (other than azulenes), benzene, toluene, xylenes, for use as power or heating fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) <sup>(1)</sup>  or  Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex 2905	Metal alcoholates of alcohols of this heading and of ethanol or glycerol	value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 2905. However, metal alcoholates of this heading may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
2915	Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2915 and 2916 used shall not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2932	- Internal ethers and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives  - Cyclic acetals and internal hemiacetals and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of heading 2909 used shall not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
2933	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen heteroatom(s) only:	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2932 and 2933 used shall not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
2934	Nucleic acids and their salts; whether or not chemically defined; other heterocyclic compounds	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2932, 2933 and 2934 used shall not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2939	Concentrates of poppy straw containing not less than 50% by weight of alkaloids	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 30	Pharmaceutical products; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
3002	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic or diagnostic uses; antisera and other blood fractions and modified		

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	<p>immunological products, whether or not obtained by means of biotechnological processes; vaccines, toxins, cultures of micro-organisms (excluding yeasts) and similar products:</p> <p>- Products consisting of two or more constituents which have been mixed together for therapeutic or prophylactic uses or unmixed products for these uses, put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale</p> <p>- Other:</p> <p>-- Human blood</p> <p>-- Animal blood prepared for therapeutic or prophylactic uses</p> <p>-- Blood fractions other than antisera, haemoglobin and serum globulin</p> <p>-- Haemoglobin, blood globulin and serum globulin</p> <p>-- Other</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3002. However, materials of the same description as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3002. However, materials of the same description as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3002. However, materials of the same description as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3002. However, materials of the same description as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3002. However, materials of the same description as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	







HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
3404	<p>Artificial waxes and prepared waxes:</p> <p>- With a basis of paraffin, petroleum waxes, waxes obtained from bituminous minerals, slack wax or scale wax</p> <p>- Other</p>	<p>product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except:</p> <p>- hydrogenated oils having the character of waxes of heading 1516,</p> <p>- fatty acids not chemically defined or industrial fatty alcohols having the character of waxes of heading 3823, and</p> <p>- materials of heading 3404</p> <p>However, these materials may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
ex Chapter 35  3505	<p>Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes; except for:</p> <p>Dextrins and other modified starches (for example, pregelatinized or esterified starches); glues based on starches, or on dextrins or other modified starches:</p> <p>- Starch ethers and esters</p> <p>- Other</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3505</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading 1108</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex 3507	Prepared enzymes not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 36	Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 37  3701        3702   3704	<p>Photographic or cinematographic goods; except for:</p> <p>Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitized, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in the flat, sensitized, unexposed, whether or not in packs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Instant print film for colour photography, in packs</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul> <p>Photographic film in rolls, sensitized, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in rolls, sensitized, unexposed</p> <p>Photographic plates, film paper, paperboard and textiles, exposed but not developed</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 3701 and 3702. However, materials of heading 3702 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 3701 and 3702. However, materials of headings 3701 and 3702 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 3701 and 3702</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 3701 to 3704</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex Chapter 38	Miscellaneous chemical products; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 3801	- Colloidal graphite in suspension in oil and semi-colloidal graphite; carbonaceous pastes for electrodes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
	- Graphite in paste form, being a mixture of more than 30% by weight of graphite with mineral oils	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 3403 used does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 3803	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil	
ex 3805	Spirits of sulphate turpentine, purified	Purification by distillation or refining of raw spirits of sulphate turpentine	
ex 3806	Ester gums	Manufacture from resin acids	
ex 3807	Wood pitch (wood tar pitch)	Distillation of wood tar	
3808	Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides, anti-sprouting products and plant-growth regulators, disinfectants and similar products, put up in forms of packings for retail sale or as preparations or articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, and fly-papers)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the products	
3809	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations (for example, dressings and mordants), of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the products	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
3810	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding electrodes or rods	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the products	
3811	<p>Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and other prepared additives, for mineral oils (including gasoline) or for other liquids used for the same purposes as mineral oils:</p> <p>- Prepared additives for lubricating oil, containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals</p> <p>- Other</p>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 3811 used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product
3812	Prepared rubber accelerators; compound plasticizers for rubber or plastics, not elsewhere specified or included; anti-oxidizing preparations and other compound stabilizers for rubber or plastics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3813	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3814	Organic composite solvents and thinners, not elsewhere specified or included; prepared paint or vanish removers	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3818	Chemical elements doped for use in electronics, in the form of discs, wafers or similar forms; chemical compounds doped for use in electronics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3819	Hydraulic brake fluids and other prepared liquids for hydraulic transmission, not containing or containing less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
3820	Anti-freezing preparations and prepared de-icing fluids	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
3822	Diagnostic or laboratory reagents on a backing, prepared diagnostic or laboratory reagents, whether on not on a backing, other than those of heading 3002 or 3006; certified reference materials	<p>exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
3823	<p>Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids; acid oils from refining; industrial fatty alcohols:</p> <p>- Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids; acid oils from refining</p> <p>- Industrial fatty alcohols</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading 3823</p>	
3824	<p>Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores; chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <p>- The following of this heading:</p> <p>-- Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores based on natural resinous products</p> <p>--Naphthenic acids, their water insoluble salts and their esters</p> <p>-- Sorbitol other than that of heading 2905</p> <p>-- Petroleum sulphonates, excluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanolamines; thiophenated sulphonic acids of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, and their salts</p> <p>-- Ion exchangers</p> <p>-- Getters for vacuum tubes</p> <p>-- Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas</p> <p>-- Ammoniacal gas liquors and spent oxide produced in coal gas purification</p> <p>-- Sulphonaphthenic acids, their water-insoluble salts and their esters</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>







HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 40  ex 4001  4005  4012  ex 4017	Rubber and articles thereof; except for:  Laminated slabs or crepe rubber for shoes  Compound rubber, unvulcanized, in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip  Retreaded or used pneumatic tyres of rubber; solid or cushion tyres, tyre treads and tyre flaps, of rubber:  - Retreaded pneumatic, solid or cushion tyres, of rubber  - Other  Articles of hard rubber	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Lamination of sheets of natural rubber  Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used, except natural rubber, does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product  Retreading of used tyres  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 4011 and 4012  Manufacture from hard rubber	
ex Chapter 41  ex 4102  4104 to 4106  4107, 4112 and 4113  ex 4114	Raw hides and skins (other than fur skins) and leather; except for:  Raw skins of sheep or lambs, without wool on  Tanned or crust hides and skins, without wool or hair on, weather or not split, but not further prepared  Leather further prepared after tanning or crusting, including parchment-dressed leather, without wool on, whether or not split, other than leather of heading 4114  Patent leather and patent laminated leather; metallized leather	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Removal of wool from sheep or lamb skins, with wool on  Retanning of pre-tanned leather  or  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except headings 4104 to 4113  Manufacture from materials of headings 4104 to 4107, provided that its total value does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 42	Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

	gut (other than silk worm gut)		
<p>ex Chapter 43</p> <p>ex 4302</p> <p>4303</p>	<p>Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof; except for:</p> <p>Tanned or dressed furskins, assembled:</p> <p>- Plates, crosses and similar forms</p> <p>- Other</p> <p>Articles of apparel, clothing accessories and other articles of fur skin</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Bleaching or dyeing, in addition to cutting and assembly of non-assembled tanned or dressed furskins</p> <p>Manufacture from non-assembled, tanned or dressed furskins</p> <p>Manufacture from non-assembled tanned or dressed furskins of heading 4302</p>	
<p>ex Chapter 44</p> <p>ex 4403</p> <p>ex 4407</p> <p>ex 4408</p> <p>ex 4409</p> <p>ex 4410 to ex 4413</p> <p>ex 4415</p> <p>ex 4416</p>	<p>Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal; except for:</p> <p>Wood roughly squared</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or end-jointed</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood) and for plywood, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm, spliced, and other wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or end-jointed</p> <p>Wood continuously shaped along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>- Sanded or end-jointed</p> <p>- Beadings and mouldings</p> <p>Beadings and mouldings, including moulded skirting and other moulded boards</p> <p>Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, of wood</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of its bark or merely roughed down</p> <p>Planing, sanding or end-jointing</p> <p>Splicing, planing, sanding or end-jointing</p> <p>Sanding or end-jointing</p> <p>Beading or moulding</p> <p>Beading or moulding</p> <p>Manufacture from boards not cut to size</p> <p>Manufacture from riven staves, not further worked than sawn on the two principal surfaces</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex 4418  ex 4421	- Builders' joinery and carpentry of wood  - Beadings and mouldings  Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, cellular wood panels, shingles and shakes may be used  Beading or moulding  Manufacture from wood of any heading, except drawn wood of heading 4409	
ex Chapter 45  4503	Cork and articles of cork; except for:  Articles of natural cork	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture from cork of heading 4501	
Chapter 46	Manufactures of straw, of esparto or of other plaiting materials; basket ware and wickerwork	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
Chapter 47	Pulp of wood or of other fibrous cellulosic material; recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex Chapter 48  ex 4811  4816  4817  ex 4818  ex 4819	Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard; except for:  Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined or squared only  Carbon paper, self-copy paper and other copying or transfer papers (other than those of heading 4809), duplicator stencils and offset plates, of paper, whether or not put up in boxes  Envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards and correspondence cards, of paper or paperboard; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing an assortment of paper stationery  Toilet paper  Cartons, boxes, cases, bags and other packing containers, of paper,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47  Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47  Manufacturing:  - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47  Manufacture:	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
<p>ex 4820</p> <p>ex 4823</p>	<p>paperboard, cellulose wadding or webs of cellulose fibres</p> <p>Letter pads</p> <p>Other paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding and webs of cellulose fibres, cut to size or shape</p>	<p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from paper-making materials of Chapter 47</p>	
<p>ex Chapter 49</p> <p>4909</p> <p>4910</p>	<p>Printed books, newspapers, pictures and other products of the printing industry; manuscripts, typescripts and plans; except for:</p> <p>Printed or illustrated postcards; printed cards bearing personal greetings, messages or announcements, whether or not illustrated, with or without envelopes or trimmings</p> <p>Calendars of any kind, printed, including calendar blocks:</p> <p>- Calendars of the "perpetual" type or with replaceable blocks mounted on bases other than paper or paperboard</p> <p>- Other</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 4909 and 4911</p> <p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 4909 and 4911</p>	
<p>ex Chapter 50</p> <p>ex 5003</p> <p>5004 to ex 5006</p>	<p>Silk; except for:</p> <p>Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and garnetted stock), carded or combed</p> <p>Silk yarn and yarn spun from silk waste</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Carding or combing of silk waste</p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <p>- raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5007	<p>Woven fabrics of silk or of silk waste:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Incorporating rubber thread</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- other natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper-making materials</li> </ul> <p>Manufacture from single yarn<sup>(7)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- coir yarn,</li> <li>- natural fibres,</li> <li>- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <p>Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatizing, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the total value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
<p>ex Chapter 51</p> <p>5106 to 5110</p>	<p>Wool, fine or coarse animal hair; horsehair yarn and woven fabric; except for:</p> <p>Yarn of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile</li> </ul>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5111 to 5113	<p>Woven fabrics of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Incorporating rubber thread</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul>	<p>pulp, or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- paper-making materials</li> </ul> <p>Manufacture from single yarn<sup>(7)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- coir yarn,</li> <li>- natural fibres,</li> <li>- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <p>Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatizing, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the total value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
<p>ex Chapter 52</p> <p>5204 to 5207</p> <p>5208 to 5212</p>	<p>Cotton; except for:</p> <p>Yarn and thread of cotton</p> <p>Woven fabrics of cotton:</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper-making materials</li> </ul>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Incorporating rubber thread</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture from single yarn<sup>(7)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- coir yarn,</li> <li>- natural fibres,</li> <li>- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <p>Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatizing, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the total value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
<p>ex Chapter 53</p> <p>5306 to 5308</p> <p>5309 to 5311</p>	<p>Other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn and woven fabrics of paper yarn; except for:</p> <p>Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn</p> <p>Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres; woven fabrics of paper yarn:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Incorporating rubber thread</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper-making materials</li> </ul> <p>Manufacture from single yarn<sup>(7)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- coir yarn,</li> <li>- jute yarn</li> <li>- natural fibres,</li> <li>- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <p>Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatizing, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the total value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
5401 to 5406	Yarn, monofilament and thread of man-made filaments	<p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper-making materials</li> </ul>	
5407 and 5408	<p>Woven fabrics of man-made filament yarn:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Incorporating rubber thread</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture from single yarn<sup>(7)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- coir yarn,</li> <li>- natural fibres,</li> <li>- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> </ul>	



HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <p>Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatizing, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the total value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
5501 to 5507	Man-made staple fibres	Manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp	
5508 to 5511	Yarn and sewing thread of man-made staple fibres	Manufacture from <sup>(7)</sup> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper-making materials</li> </ul>	
5512 to 5516	Woven fabrics of man-made staple fibres: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Incorporating rubber thread</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul>	Manufacture from single yarn <sup>(7)</sup> Manufacture from <sup>(7)</sup> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- coir yarn,</li> <li>- natural fibres,</li> <li>- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper</li> </ul>	



HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5604	<p>Rubber thread and cord, textile covered; textile yarn, and strip and the like of heading 5404 or 5405, impregnated, coated, covered or sheathed with rubber or plastics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Rubber thread and cord, textile covered</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp</li> </ul> <p>Manufacture from rubber thread or cord, not textile covered</p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper-making materials</li> </ul>	
5605	<p>Metallised yarn, whether or not gimped, being textile yarn, or strip or the like of heading 5404 or 5405, combined with metal in the form of thread, strip or powder or covered with metal</p>	<p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- natural fibres,</li> <li>- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper-making materials</li> </ul>	
5606	<p>Gimped yarn, and strip and the like of heading 5404 or 5405, gimped (other than those of heading 5605 and gimped horsehair yarn); chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn; loop wale-yarn</p>	<p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- natural fibres,</li> <li>- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning,</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp, or</li> <li>- paper-making materials</li> </ul>	
Chapter 57	<p>Carpets and other textile floor coverings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Of needleloom felt</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- natural fibres, or</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp</li> </ul> <p>However:</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	<p>- Of other felt</p> <p>- Other</p>	<p>- polypropylene filament of heading 5402,</p> <p>- polypropylene fibres of heading 5503 or 5506, or</p> <p>- polypropylene filament tow of heading 5501,</p> <p>of which the denomination in all cases of a single filament or fibre is less than 9 decitex, may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Jute fabric may be used as backing</p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <p>- natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or</p> <p>- chemical materials or textile pulp</p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <p>- coir yarn or jute yarn,</p> <p>- synthetic or artificial filament yarn,</p> <p>- natural fibres, or</p> <p>- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning</p> <p>Jute fabric may be used as backing</p>	
ex Chapter 58	<p>Special woven fabrics; tufted textile fabrics; lace; tapestries; trimmings; embroidery; except for:</p> <p>- Combined with rubber thread</p> <p>- Other</p>	<p>Manufacture from single yarn<sup>(7)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <p>- natural fibres,</p> <p>- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or</p> <p>- chemical materials or textile pulp,</p>	



HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5904	Linoleum, whether or not cut to shape; floor coverings consisting of a coating or covering applied on a textile backing, whether or not cut to shape	finishing, decatizing, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the total value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from yarn <sup>(7)</sup>	
5905	Textile wall coverings:  - Impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with rubber, plastics or other materials  - Other	Manufacture from yarn  Manufacture from <sup>(7)</sup> :  - coir yarn,  - natural fibres,  - man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or  - chemical materials or textile pulp,  or  Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatizing, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the total value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5% of the ex-works price of the product	
5906	Rubberised textile fabrics, other than those of heading 5902:  - Knitted or crocheted fabrics    - Other fabrics made of synthetic	Manufacture from <sup>(7)</sup> :  - natural fibres,  - man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or  - chemical materials or textile pulp  Manufacture from chemical	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5907	filament yarn, containing more than 90% by weight of textile materials  - Other  Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated, coated or covered; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio backcloths or the like	materials  Manufacture from yarn  Manufacture from yarn  or  Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatizing, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the total value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5% of the ex-works price of the product	
5908	Textile wicks, woven, plaited or knitted, for lamps, stoves, lighters, candles or the like; incandescent gas mantles and tubular knitted gas mantle fabric therefore, whether or not impregnated:  - Incandescent gas mantles, impregnated  - Other	Manufacture from tubular knitted gas-mantle fabric  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
5909 to 5911	Textile articles of a kind suitable for industrial use:  - Polishing discs or rings other than of felt of heading 5911  - Woven fabrics, of a kind commonly used in papermaking or other technical uses, felted or not, whether or not impregnated or coated, tubular or endless with single or multiple warp and/or weft, or flat woven with multiple warp and/or weft of heading 5911	Manufacture from yarn or waste fabrics or rags of heading 6310  Manufacture from <sup>(7)</sup> : - coir yarn, - the following materials: -- yarn of polytetrafluoroethylene <sup>(8)</sup> , -- yarn, multiple, of polyamide, coated impregnated or covered with a phenolic resin, -- yarn of synthetic textile fibres of aromatic polyamides, obtained by polycondensation of m-phenylenediamine and isophthalic acid,  -- monofil of	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	- Other	polytetrafluoroethylene <sup>(8)</sup> -- yarn of synthetic textile fibres of poly-p-phenylene terephthalamide, -- glass fibre yarn, coated with phenol resin and gimped with acrylic yarn <sup>(8)</sup> -- copolyester monofilaments of a polyester and a resin of terephthalic acid and 1,4-cyclohexanedimethanol and isophthalic acid, -- natural fibres, -- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or -- chemical materials or textile pulp Manufacture from <sup>(7)</sup> : - coir yarn, - natural fibres, - man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or - chemical materials or textile pulp	
Chapter 60	Knitted or crocheted fabrics	Manufacture from <sup>(7)</sup> : - natural fibres, - man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or - chemical materials or textile pulp	
Chapter 61	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, knitted or crocheted: - Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form - Other	Manufacture from yarn <sup>(7),(9)</sup> Manufacture from <sup>(7)</sup> : - natural fibres,	



HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		<p>- man-made staple fibres not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or</p> <p>- chemical materials or textile pulp</p>	
<p>ex Chapter 62</p> <p>ex 6202, ex 6204, ex 6206, ex 6209 and ex 6211</p> <p>ex 6210 and ex 6216</p> <p>6213 and 6214</p>	<p>Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted; except for:</p> <p>Women's, girls' and babies' clothing and clothing accessories for babies, embroidered</p> <p>Fire-resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of aluminised polyester</p> <p>Handkerchiefs, shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like:</p> <p>- Embroidered</p> <p>- Other</p>	<p>Manufacture from yarn<sup>(7),(9)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from yarn<sup>(9)</sup></p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the total value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product<sup>(9)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from yarn<sup>(9)</sup></p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from uncoated fabric, provided that the total value of the uncoated fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product<sup>(9)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from unbleached single yarn<sup>(7),(9)</sup></p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the total value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product<sup>(9)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from unbleached single yarn<sup>(7),(9)</sup></p> <p>or</p> <p>Making up followed by printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatizing, impregnating, mending</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
6217	<p>Other made up clothing accessories; parts of garments or of clothing accessories, other than those of heading 6212:</p> <p>- Embroidered</p> <p>- Fire resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of aluminised polyester</p> <p>- Interlinings for collars and cuffs, cut out</p> <p>- Other</p>	<p>and burling), provided that the value of all the unprinted goods of headings 6213 and 6214 used does not exceed 47.5% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from yarn<sup>(9)</sup></p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the total value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product<sup>(9)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from yarn<sup>(9)</sup></p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from uncoated fabric, provided that the total value of the uncoated fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product<sup>(9)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from yarn<sup>(9)</sup></p>	
<p>ex Chapter 63</p> <p>6301 to 6304</p>	<p>Other made-up textile articles; sets; worn clothing and worn textile articles; rags; except for:</p> <p>Blankets, travelling rugs, bed linen etc.; curtains etc.; other furnishing articles:</p> <p>- Of felt, of non-wovens</p> <p>- Other</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <p>- natural fibres, or</p> <p>- chemical materials or textile pulp</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
6305	<p>-- Embroidered</p> <p>-- Other</p> <p>Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods</p>	<p>Manufacture from unbleached single yarn<sup>(9),(10)</sup></p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from unembroidered fabric (other than knitted or crocheted), provided that the total value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture from unbleached single yarn<sup>(9),(10)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture from<sup>(7)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- natural fibres,</li> <li>- man-made staple fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning, or</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp</li> </ul>	
6306	<p>Tarpaulins, awnings and sunblinds; tents; sails for boats, sailboards or landcraft; camping goods:</p> <p>- Of non-wovens</p>	<p>Manufacture from<sup>(7),(9)</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- natural fibres, or</li> <li>- chemical materials or textile pulp</li> </ul>	
6307	<p>- Other</p> <p>Other made-up articles, including dress patterns</p>	<p>Manufacture from unbleached single yarn<sup>(7),(9)</sup></p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
6308	<p>Sets consisting of woven fabric and yarn, whether or not with accessories, for making up into rugs, tapestries, embroidered table cloths or serviettes or similar textile articles, put up in packings for retail sale</p>	<p>Each item in the set must satisfy the rule which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non-originating articles may be incorporated, provided that their total value does not exceed 15% of the ex-works price of the set</p>	
ex Chapter 64	<p>Footwear; gaiters and the like; except for:</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components of heading 6406</p>	
6406	<p>Parts of footwear (including uppers</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	whether or not attached to soles other than outer soles); removable in-soles, heel cushions and similar articles; gaiters, leggings and similar articles, and parts thereof	heading, except that of the product	
ex Chapter 65  6503  6505	Headgear and parts thereof, except for:  Felt hats and other felt headgear, made from the hat bodies, hoods or plateaux of heading 6501, whether or not lined or trimmed  Hats and other headgear, knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric, in the piece (but not in strips), whether or not lined or trimmed; hair-nets of any material, whether or not lined or trimmed	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture from yarn or textile fibres <sup>(9)</sup>  Manufacture from yarn or textile fibres <sup>(9)</sup>	
ex Chapter 66  6601	Umbrellas, sun umbrellas, walking-sticks, seat-sticks, whips, riding-crops and parts thereof; except for:  Umbrellas and sun umbrellas (including walking-stick umbrellas, garden umbrellas and similar umbrellas)	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 67	Prepared feathers and down and articles made of feathers or of down; artificial flowers; articles of human hair	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex Chapter 68  ex 6803  ex 6812  ex 6814	Articles of stone, plaster, cement, asbestos, mica or similar materials; except for:  Articles of slate or of agglomerated slate  Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate  Articles of mica, including agglomerated or reconstituted mica, on a support of paper, paperboard or other materials	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture from worked slate  Manufacture from materials of any heading  Manufacture from worked mica (including agglomerated or reconstituted mica)	
Chapter 69	Ceramic products	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

ex Chapter 70	Glass and glassware; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex 7003, ex 7004, ex 7005	Glass with a non-reflecting layer	Manufacture from materials of heading 7001	
7006	Glass of heading 7003, 7004 or 7005, bent, edgeworked, engraved, drilled, enamelled or otherwise worked, but not framed or fitted with other materials:  - Glass-plate substrate, coated with dielectric thin film, semi-conductor grade, in accordance with SEMII-standards <sup>(11)</sup>  - Other	Manufacture from non-coated glass-plate substrate of heading 7006  Manufacture from materials of heading, 7001	
7007	Safety glass, consisting of toughened (tempered) or laminated glass	Manufacture from materials of heading 7001	
7008	Multiple-walled insulating units of glass	Manufacture from materials of heading 7001	
7009	Glass mirrors, whether or not framed, including rear-view mirrors	Manufacture from materials of heading 7001	
7010	Carboys, bottles, flasks, jars, pots, phials, ampoules and other containers, of glass, of a kind used for the conveyance or packing of goods; preserving jars of glass; stoppers, lids and other closures, of glass	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  or  Cutting of glassware, provided that the total value of the uncut glassware used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
7013	Glassware of a kind used for table, kitchen, toilet, office, indoor decoration or similar purposes (other than that of heading 7010 or 7018)	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  or  Cutting of glassware, provided that the total value of the uncut glassware used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product  or  Hand-decoration (except silk-screen printing) of hand-blown glassware, provided that the total value of the hand-blown glassware used does not exceed 50% of the	



HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		parts, not plated or covered with precious metals, provided that the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 72  7207  7208 to 7216  7217  ex 7218, 7219 to 7222  7223  ex 7224, 7225 to 7228  7229	Iron and steel; except for:  Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel  Flat rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of iron or non-alloy steel  Wire of iron or non-alloy steel  Semi-finished products, flat rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of stainless steel  Wire of stainless steel  Semi finished products, flat rolled products, hot rolled bars and rods in irregular wound coils, angles, shapes and sections, of other alloy steel, hollow drill bars and rods, of alloy or non-alloy steel  Wire of other alloy steel	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture from materials of headings 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204 or 7205  Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading 7206  Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading 7207  Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading 7218  Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading 7218  Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of headings 7206, 7218 or 7224  Manufacture from semi-finished materials of heading 7224	
ex Chapter 73  ex 7301  7302  7304, 7305 and 7306  ex 7307	Articles of iron or steel; except for:  Sheet piling  Railway or tramway track construction materials of iron or steel, the following: rails, checkrails and rackrails, switch blades, crossing frogs, point rods and other crossing pieces, sleepers (cross-ties), fishplates, chairs, chair wedges, sole pates (base plates), rail clips, bedplates, ties and other material specialized for jointing or fixing rails  Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel  Tube or pipe fittings of stainless steel (ISO No. X5CrNiMo 1712),	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture from materials of heading 7206  Manufacture from materials of heading 7206  Manufacture from materials of headings 7206, 7207, 7218 or 7224  Turning, drilling, reaming, threading, deburring and	







HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

Chapter 77	Reserved for possible future use in HS		
ex Chapter 78	Lead and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
7801	Unwrought lead:  - Refined lead  - Other	Manufacture from "bullion" or "work" lead  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, waste and scrap of heading 7802 may not be used	
7802	Lead waste and scrap	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex Chapter 79	Zinc and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
7901	Unwrought zinc	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, waste and scrap of heading 7902 may not be used	
7902	Zinc waste and scrap	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex Chapter 80	Tin and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
8001	Unwrought tin	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, waste and scrap	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
8002 and 8007	Tin waste and scrap; other articles of tin	of heading 8002 may not be used Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
Chapter 81	Other base metals; cermets; articles thereof:  - Other base metals, wrought; articles thereof  - Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of the same heading as the product used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex Chapter 82  8206  8207  8208  ex 8211  8214	Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and forks, of base metal; parts thereof of base metal; except for:  Tools of two or more of the headings 8202 to 8205, put up in sets for retail sale  Interchangeable tools for hand tools, whether or not power-operated, or for machine-tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, punching, tapping, threading, drilling, boring, broaching, milling, turning, or screwdriving), including dies for drawing or extruding metal, and rock drilling or earth boring tools  Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances  Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives of heading 8208  Other articles of cutlery (for example, hair clippers, butchers' or kitchen cleavers, choppers and	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 8202 to 8205. However, tools of headings 8202 to 8205 may be incorporated into the set, provided that their total value does not exceed 15% of the ex-works price of the set  Manufacture:  - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture:  - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, knife blades and handles of base metal may be used  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, handles of base	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
8215	mincing knives, paper knives); manicure or pedicure sets and instruments (including nail files)  Spoons, forks, ladles, skimmers, cake-servers, fish-knives, butterknives, sugar tongs and similar kitchen or tableware	metal may be used  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, handles of base metal may be used	
ex Chapter 83  ex 8302  ex 8306	Miscellaneous articles of base metal; except for:  Other mountings, fitting and similar articles suitable for buildings, and automatic door closers  Statuettes and other ornaments, of base metal	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, other materials of heading 8302 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, other materials of heading 8306 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 84  ex 8401  8402  8403 and ex 8404	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof; except for:  Nuclear fuel elements  Steam or other vapour generating boilers (other than central heating hot water boilers capable also of producing low pressure steam); super heated water boilers  Central heating boilers other than those of heading 8402 and auxiliary plant for central heating boilers	Manufacture:  - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product <sup>(12)</sup>  Manufacture:  - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 8403 and 8404	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
8406	Steam turbines and other vapour turbines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8407	Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8408	Compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines (diesel or semi-diesel engines)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8409	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the engines of heading 8407 or 8408	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8411	Turbo-jets, turbo propellers and other gas turbines	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8412	Other engines and motors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8413	Rotary positive displacement pumps	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8414	Industrial fans, blowers and the like	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8415	Air conditioning machines, comprising a motor-driven fan and elements for changing the temperature and humidity, including those machines in which the	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
8418	<p>humidity cannot be separately regulated</p> <p>Refrigerators, freezers and other refrigerating or freezing equipment, electric or other; heat pumps other than air conditioning machines of heading 8415</p>	<p>Manufacture:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product,</li> <li>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- in which the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
ex 8419	Machines for wood, paper pulp and paperboard industries	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of the same heading as the product used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
8420	Calendering or other rolling machines, other than for metals or glass, and cylinders therefor	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of the same heading as the product used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
8423	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better), including weight operated counting or checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds	<p>Manufacture:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</li> <li>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
8425 to 8428	Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 8431 used does not exceed 10% of</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
8429	<p>Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers, mechanical shovels, excavators, shovel loaders, tamping machines and road rollers:</p> <p>- Road rollers</p> <p>- Other</p>	<p>the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which:</p> <p>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 8431 used does not exceed 10% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
8430	<p>Other moving, grading, levelling, scraping, excavating, tamping, compacting, extracting or boring machinery, for earth, minerals or ores; pile-drivers and pile-extractors; snow-ploughs and snow-blowers</p>	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <p>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 8431 used does not exceed 10% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
ex 8431	<p>Parts suitable for use solely or principally with road rollers</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
8439	<p>Machinery for making pulp of fibrous cellulosic material or for making or finishing paper or paperboard</p>	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <p>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of the same heading as the product used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
8441	<p>Other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard, including cutting machines of all kinds</p>	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <p>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of the same heading as the product used does</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
8444 to 8447	Machines of these headings for use in the textile industry	not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8448	Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of headings 8444 and 8445	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8452	<p>Sewing machines, other than book-sewing machines of heading 8440; furniture, bases and covers specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles:</p> <p>- Sewing machines (lock stitch only) with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg with motor</p> <p>- Other</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which:</p> <p>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product,</p> <p>- the value of all the non-originating materials used in assembling the head (without motor) does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used, and</p> <p>- the thread-tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms used are originating</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	
8456 to 8466	Machine-tools and machines and their parts and accessories of headings 8456 to 8466	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8469 to 8472	Office machines (for example, typewriters, calculating machines, automatic data processing machines, duplicating machines, stapling machines)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8480	Moulding boxes for metal foundry; mould bases; moulding patterns; moulds for metal (other than ingot moulds), metal carbides, glass, mineral materials, rubber or plastics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
8482	Ball or roller bearings	<p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</p>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the



HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
8484	Gaskets and similar joints of metal sheeting combined with other material or of two or more layers of metal; sets or assortments of gaskets and similar joints, dissimilar in composition, put up in pouches, envelopes or similar packings; mechanical seals	<p>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	product
8485	Machinery parts, not containing electrical connectors, insulators, coils, contacts or other electrical features, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers, television image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles; except for:	<p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8501	Electric motors and generators (excluding generating sets)	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <p>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 8503 used does not exceed 10% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8502	Electric generating sets and rotary converters	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <p>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of headings 8501 and 8503 used does not exceed 10% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8504	Power supply units for automatic data-processing machines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8518	Microphones and stands therefor;	Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	loudspeakers, whether or not mounted in their enclosures; audio-frequency electric amplifiers; electric sound amplifier sets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</li> </ul>	value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8519	Turntables (record-decks), record-players, cassette- players and other sound reproducing apparatus, not incorporating a sound recording device:	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product, and
8520	Magnetic tape recorders and other sound recording apparatus, whether or not incorporating a sound reproducing device	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8521	Video recording or reproducing apparatus, whether or not incorporating a video tuner	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8522	Parts and accessories suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of headings 8519 to 8521	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8523	Prepared unrecorded media for sound recording or similar recording of other phenomena, other than products of Chapter 37	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8524	Records, tapes and other recorded media for sound or other similarly recorded phenomena, including matrices and masters for the production of records, but excluding products of Chapter 37:  - Matrices and masters for the	Manufacture in which the value of	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
8525	<p>production of records</p> <p>- Other</p> <p>Transmission apparatus for radio-telephony, radio-telegraphy, radio-broadcasting or television, whether or not incorporating reception apparatus or sound recording or reproducing apparatus; television cameras, still image video cameras and other video camera recorders; digital cameras</p>	<p>all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 8523 used does not exceed 10% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul> <p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</li> </ul>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
8526	Radar apparatus, radio navigational aid apparatus and radio remote control apparatus	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8527	Reception apparatus for radio-telephony, radio-telegraphy or radio broadcasting, whether or not combined, in the same housing, with sound recording or reproducing apparatus or a clock	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8528	Reception apparatus for television, whether or not incorporating radio broadcast receivers or sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus; video monitors and video projectors;	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8529	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of		

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
8535 and 8536	headings 8525 to 8528: - Suitable for use solely or principally with video recording or reproducing apparatus  - Other  Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  - the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8537	Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases, equipped with two or more apparatus of heading 8535 or 8536, for electric control or the distribution of electricity, including those incorporating instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90, and numerical control apparatus, other than switching apparatus of heading 8517	Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  - within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 8538 used does not exceed 10% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8541	Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices, except wafers not yet cut into chips	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
8542	Electronic integrated circuits and microassemblies:  - Monolithic integrated circuits	Manufacture in which: - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  - within the above limit, the value	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	- Other	<p>of all the materials of headings 8541 and 8542 used does not exceed 10% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>The operation of diffusion (in which integrated circuits are formed on a semi-conductor substrate by the selective introduction of an appropriate dopant), whether or not assembled and/or tested in a country other than a Contracting Party</p> <p>Manufacture in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of headings 8541 and 8542 used does not exceed 10% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable (including coaxial cable) and other insulated electric conductors, whether or not fitted with connectors; optical fibres cables, made up of individually sheathed fibres, whether or not assembled with electric conductors or fitted with connectors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8545	Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp carbons, battery carbons and other articles of graphite or other carbon, with or without metal, of a kind used for electrical purposes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8546	Electrical insulators of any material	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
8547	Insulating fittings for electrical machines, appliances or equipment, being fittings wholly of insulating materials apart from any minor components of metal (for example, threaded sockets) incorporated during moulding solely for purposes of assembly other than insulators of heading 8546; electrical conduit tubing and joints therefor, of base metal lined with insulating material	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
8548	Waste and scrap of primary cells, primary batteries and electric accumulators; spent primary cells, spent primary batteries and spent electric accumulators; electrical parts of machinery or apparatus, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 86  8608	Railway or tramway locomotives, rolling stock and parts thereof; railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings and parts thereof; mechanical (including electro-mechanical) traffic signalling equipment of all kinds; except for:  Railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings; mechanical (including electro-mechanical) signalling, safety or traffic control equipment for railways, tramways, roads, inland waterways, parking facilities, port installations or airfields; parts of the foregoing	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 87  8709  8710  8711	Vehicles other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts and accessories thereof; except for:  Works trucks, self-propelled, not fitted with lifting or handling equipment, of the type used in factories, warehouses, dock areas or airports for short distance transport of goods; tractors of the type used on railway station platforms; parts of the foregoing vehicles  Tanks and other armoured fighting vehicles, motorized, whether or not fitted with weapons, and parts of such vehicles  Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars:  - With reciprocating internal combustion piston engine of a cylinder capacity:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	<p>-- Not exceeding 50 cm<sup>3</sup></p> <p>-- Exceeding 50 cm<sup>3</sup></p> <p>- Other</p>	<p>Manufacture in which:</p> <p>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</p> <p>Manufacture in which:</p> <p>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</p> <p>Manufacture in which:</p> <p>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 20% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
ex 8712	Bicycles without ball bearings	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading 8714	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8715	Baby carriages and parts thereof	<p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
8716	Trailers and semi-trailers; other vehicles, not mechanically propelled; parts thereof	<p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product





HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex 9006	Photographic (other than cinematographic) cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus and flashbulbs other than electrically ignited flashbulbs	<p>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</p> <p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product,</p> <p>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</p>	<p>product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
9007	Cinematographic cameras and projectors, whether or not incorporating sound recording or reproducing apparatus	<p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product,</p> <p>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
9011	Compound optical microscopes, including those for photomicrography, cinemaphotomicrography or microprojection	<p>Manufacture:</p> <p>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product,</p> <p>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</p> <p>- in which the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</p>	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
ex 9014	Other navigational instruments and appliances	<p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
9015	Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic, oceanographic, hydrological, meteorological or geophysical instruments and appliances, excluding compasses; rangefinders	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9016	Balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better, with or without weights	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9017	Drawing, marking-out or mathematical calculating instruments (for example, drafting machines, pantographs, protractors, drawing sets, slide rules, disc calculators); instruments for measuring length, for use in the hand (for example, measuring rods and tapes, micrometers, callipers), not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9018	Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary sciences, including scintigraphic apparatus, other electro-medical apparatus and sight-testing instruments:		
	<p data-bbox="400 1180 794 1256">- Dentists' chairs incorporating dental appliances or dentists' spittoons</p> <p data-bbox="400 1352 794 1637">- Other</p>	<p data-bbox="799 1180 1166 1279">Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 9018</p> <p data-bbox="799 1352 1166 1637">Manufacture:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="799 1413 1166 1489">- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</li> <li data-bbox="799 1496 1166 1637">- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	<p data-bbox="1171 1180 1453 1339">Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p data-bbox="1171 1352 1453 1512">Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
9019	Mechano-therapy appliances; massage apparatus; psychological aptitude-testing apparatus; ozone therapy, oxygen therapy, aerosol therapy, artificial respiration or other therapeutic respiration apparatus	<p data-bbox="799 1644 1166 1682">Manufacture:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="799 1688 1166 1765">- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</li> <li data-bbox="799 1771 1166 1921">- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product
9020	Other breathing appliances and gas masks, excluding protective masks having neither mechanical parts nor replaceable filters	<p data-bbox="799 1928 1166 1966">Manufacture:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="799 1973 1166 2038">- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	product
9024	Machines and appliances for testing the hardness, strength, compressibility, elasticity or other mechanical properties of materials (for example, metals, wood, textiles, paper, plastics)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9025	Hydrometers and similar floating instruments, thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers and psychrometers, recording or not, and any combination of these instruments	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9026	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the flow, level, pressure or other variables of liquids or gases (for example, flow meters, level gauges, manometers, heat meters), excluding instruments and apparatus of heading 9014, 9015, 9028 or 9032	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9027	Instruments and apparatus for physical or chemical analysis (for example, polarimeters, refractometers, spectrometers, gas or smoke analysis apparatus); instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking viscosity, porosity, expansion, surface tension or the like; instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking quantities of heat, sound or light (including exposure meters); microtomes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9028	Gas, liquid or electricity supply or production meters, including calibrating meters therefor:  - Parts and accessories  - Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
		Manufacture in which:  - the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and  - the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
9029	Revolution counters, production counters, taximeters, milometers, pedometers and the like; speed indicators and tachometers, other than those of heading 9104 or 9015; stroboscopes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9030	Oscilloscopes, spectrum analysers and other instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking electrical quantities, excluding meters of heading 9028; instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting alpha, beta, gamma, X-ray, cosmic or other ionising radiations	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9031	Measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter; profile projectors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9032	Automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9033	Parts and accessories (not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter) for machines, appliances, instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
9105	Other clocks	Manufacture in which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
9109	Clock movements, complete and assembled	Manufacture in which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
9110	Complete watch or clock movements, unassembled or partly assembled (movement sets); incomplete watch or clock movements, assembled; rough watch or clock movements	Manufacture in which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- within the above limit, the value of all the materials of heading 9114 used does not exceed 10% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
9111	Watch cases and parts thereof	Manufacture: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</li> <li>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
9112	Clock cases and cases of a similar type for other goods of this Chapter, and parts thereof	Manufacture: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</li> <li>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product
9113	Watch straps, watch bands and watch bracelets, and parts thereof: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Of base metal, whether or not plated, or of clad precious metal</li> <li>- Other</li> </ul>	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product  Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 92	Musical instruments; parts and accessories of such articles	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 94	Furniture; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings; lamps and lighting fittings, not elsewhere	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
<p>ex 9401 and ex 9403</p> <p>9405</p> <p>9406</p>	<p>specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated nameplates and the like; prefabricated buildings; except for:</p> <p>Base metal furniture, incorporating unstuffed cotton cloth of a weight of 300 g/m<sup>2</sup> or less</p> <p>Lamps and lighting fittings including searchlights and spotlights and parts thereof, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated name-plates and the like, having a permanently fixed light source, and parts thereof not elsewhere specified or included</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>or</p> <p>Manufacture from cotton cloth already made up in a form ready for use with materials of headings 9401 or 9403, provided that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the value of the cloth does not exceed 25% of the ex-works price of the product, and</li> <li>- all the other materials used are originating and are classified in a heading other than headings 9401 or 9403</li> </ul> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</p>	<p>product</p> <p>Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the ex-works price of the product</p>
<p>ex Chapter 95</p> <p>9503</p> <p>ex 9506</p>	<p>Toys, games and sports requisites; parts and accessories thereof; except for:</p> <p>Other toys; reduced-size ("scale") models and similar recreational models, working or not; puzzles of all kinds</p> <p>Golf clubs and parts thereof</p>	<p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product</p> <p>Manufacture:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and</li> <li>- in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product</li> </ul> <p>Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, roughly-shaped blocks for making golf-club heads may be used</p>	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex Chapter 96	Miscellaneous manufactured articles; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex 9601 and ex 9602	Articles of animal, vegetable or mineral carving materials	Manufacture from "worked" carving materials of the same heading	
ex 9603	Brooms and brushes (except for besoms and the like and brushes made from marten or squirrel hair), hand-operated mechanical floor sweepers, not motorized, paint pads and rollers, squeegees and mops	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
9605	Travel sets for personal toilet, sewing or shoe or clothes cleaning	Each item in the set must satisfy the rule, which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non-originating articles may be incorporated, provided that their total value does not exceed 15% of the ex-works price of the set	
9606	Buttons, press-fasteners, snap-fasteners and press-studs, button moulds and other parts of these articles; button blanks	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
9608	Ball-point pens; felt-tipped and other porous-tipped pens, stylograph pens and other pens; duplicating stylos; propelling or sliding pencils; pen-holders, pensil-holders and similar holders; parts (including caps and clips) of the foregoing articles, other than those of heading 9609	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, nibs or nib-points of the same heading as the product may be used	
9612	Typewriter or similar ribbons, inked or otherwise prepared for giving impressions, whether or not on spools or in cartridges; ink-pads, whether or not inked, with or without boxes	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and  - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 9613	Lighters with piezo-igniter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 9613 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 9614	Smoking pipes and pipe bowls	Manufacture from roughly-shaped blocks	

HS heading No	Description of the product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Chapter 97	Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	

(1) For the special conditions relating to “specific processes” see Introductory Notes 7.1 and 7.3

(2) For the special conditions relating to “specific processes” see Introductory Note 7.2

(3) Note 3 to Chapter 32 says that these preparations are those of a kind used for colouring any material or used as ingredients in the manufacturing of colouring preparations, provided they are not classified in another heading in Chapter 32

(4) A “group” is regarded as any part of the heading separated from the rest by a semi-colon

(5) In the case of the products composed of materials classified within both heading Nos. 3901 to 3906, on the one hand, and within heading Nos. 3907 to 3911, on the other hand, this restriction only applies to that group of materials which predominates by weight in the product

(6) The following foils shall be considered as highly transparent: foils, the optical dimming of which –measured according to ASTM-D 1003-16 by Gardner Hazemeter (i.e. Hazefactor)- is less than 2 per cent

(7) For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5

(8) The use of this material is restricted to the manufacture of woven fabric of a kind used in paper-making machinery

(9) See Introductory Note 6

(10) For knitted or crocheted articles, not elastic or rubberised, obtained by sewing or assembling pieces of knitted or crocheted fabrics (cut out or knitted directly to shape), see Introductory note 6

(11) SEMII- Semiconductor Equipment and Materials Institute incorporated

(12) The rule shall apply until 31 December 2005



**ANNEX III****Movement certificate EUR.1  
and application for a movement certificate EUR.1**

## Printing instructions:

1. Each form shall measure 210 x 297 mm; a tolerance of up to minus 5 mm or plus 8 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m<sup>2</sup>. It shall have a printed green or yellow guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.
2. The customs authorities of the Contracting Parties may reserve the right to print the forms themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case each form must include a reference to such approval. Each form must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

### MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

<b>1. Exporter</b> (Name, full address, country)	<b>EUR. 1                      No A    000.000</b>		
	See notes overleaf before completing this form		
<b>3. Consignee</b> (Name, full address, country) (Optional)	<b>2. Certificate used in preferential trade between</b> ----- <b>and</b> ----- (insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories)		
	<b>4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating</b>	<b>5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination</b>	
<b>6. Transport details</b> (Optional)	<b>7. Remarks</b>		
<b>8. Item number; Marks and numbers: Number and kind of packages(1); Description of goods</b>		<b>9. Gross weight (kg) or other measure (litres, m<sup>3</sup>, etc.)</b>	<b>10. Invoices</b> (Optional)
<b>11. CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT</b> Declaration certified. Export document(2): Form.....No..... Customs office:..... Issuing country or territory:.....                      Stamp ..... Date:..... . ..... (Signature)		<b>12. DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER</b> I, the undersigned, declare that the goods described above meet the conditions required for the issue of this certificate. Place and date: ..... ..... (Signature)	

(1) If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state "in bulk" as appropriate.

(2) Complete only when the regulations of the exporting country or territory require.

<p><b>13. Request for verification , to:</b></p> <p>Verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this certificate is requested.</p> <p>..... (Place and date)</p> <p>.....Stamp</p> <p>..... (Signature)</p>	<p><b>14. Result of verification</b></p> <p>Verification carried out shows that this certificate(*):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• was issued by the Customs Office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate.</li> <li>• does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended).</li> </ul> <p>..... (Place and date)</p> <p>..... Stamp</p> <p>..... (Signature)</p> <p>----- (*Insert x in the appropriate box.</p>
--	---

**NOTES**

1. The certificates must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who completed the certificate and endorsed by the Customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.
2. No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.
3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

**APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE**

<b>1. Exporter</b> (Name,full address,country)	<b>EUR. 1                      No A    000.000</b>		
	See notes overleaf before completing this form		
<b>3. Consignee</b> (Name,full address,country) (Optional)	<b>2. Application for a certificate to be used in preferential trade between</b> ..... <b>and</b> .....  (insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories)		
	<b>4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating</b>	<b>5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination</b>	
<b>6. Transport details</b> (Optional)	<b>7. Remarks</b>		
<b>8. Item number;Marks and numbers: Number and kind of packages <sup>(1)</sup> ; Description of goods</b>	<b>9. Gross weight(kg) or other measure (litres, m<sup>3</sup>,etc.)</b>	<b>10. Invoices</b> (Optional)	

(1) If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state "in bulk" as appropriate

**DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER**

I, the undersigned exporter of the goods described overleaf,

DECLARE that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate;

SPECIFY as follows the circumstances which have enabled these goods to meet the above conditions:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

SUBMIT the following supporting documents <sup>(1)</sup>:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

UNDERTAKE to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence which these authorities may require for the purpose of issuing of the attached certificate, and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and to any check on the processes of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities;

REQUEST the issue of the attached certificate for these goods.

.....  
(Place and date)

.....  
(Signature)

-----  
<sup>(1)</sup> For example: import documents, movement certificates, invoices, manufacture's declaration etc., referring to the products used in manufacture or to the goods re-exported in the same state.

## ANNEX IV

**Invoice declaration**

The invoice declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

**English version:**

The exporter of the products covered by this document (customs authorization No ... <sup>(1)</sup>) declares that, except where otherwise clearly indicated, these products are of .... preferential origin <sup>(2)</sup>.

**Macedonian version:**

Извозникот на производите што ги покрива овој документ (царинско одобрение бр..... <sup>(1)</sup>) изјавува дека, освен ако тоа не е јасно поинаку назначено, овие производи имаат ..... <sup>(2)</sup> преференцијално потекло.

**Bosnia and Herzegovina versions:**

Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (carinsko ovlaštenje br.....<sup>(1)</sup>) izjavljuje da su, osim ako je to drugačije izričito navedeno, ovi proizvodi .....<sup>(2)</sup> preferencijalnog porijekla.

Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (carinsko ovlaštenje br.....<sup>(1)</sup>) izjavljuje da su, osim ako je to drukčije izričito navedeno, ovi proizvodi .....<sup>(2)</sup> preferencijalnog podrijetla.

Izvoznik proizvoda obuhvaćenih ovom ispravom (carinsko ovlaštenje br.....<sup>(1)</sup>) izjavljuje da su, osim ako je to drugačije izričito navedeno, ovi proizvodi .....<sup>(2)</sup> preferencijalnog porijekla.

.....<sup>(3)</sup>  
(Place and date)

.....<sup>(4)</sup>  
(Signature of the exporter, in addition the name of the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script)

- 
- (1) When the invoice declaration is made out by an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22 of this Protocol, the authorization number of the approved exporter must be entered in this space. When the invoice declaration is not made out by an approved exporter, the words in brackets shall be omitted or the space left blank.
- (2) Origin of products to be indicated.

- (3) These indications may be omitted if the information is contained on the document itself.
- (4) See Article 21(5) of this Protocol. In cases where the exporter is not required to sign, the exemption of signature also implies the exemption of the name of the signatory.

**ANNEX V**  
**Implementation issues**

1. The Contracting Parties agree to attend to the continuation of the implementation and amendments of the harmonized European preferential rules of origin in accordance with the practice of the European Community.
2. The Contracting Parties agree to consider the addition of the European Community to the cumulating system between the Contracting Parties once the basic conditions, to which each of the Contracting Parties is bound, have been fulfilled.
3. The Contracting Parties agree that where the products that have acquired originating status in accordance with the provisions of Protocol A are used in the manufacture of the goods exported into the third countries and thus customs debt must be paid for non-originating materials, the customs debt for these products shall be also charged according to the customs duty rate as in force as if they were non-originating.
4. The Contracting Parties agree that for the proper implementation of Article 21 of Protocol A the linguistic version of the invoice declaration shall correspond to the linguistic version of the document on which the invoice declaration appears.



**PROTOCOL A**  
**concerning the definition of the concept of "originating products" and**  
**methods of administrative cooperation**

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**TITLE I  
GENERAL PROVISIONS**

**Article 1  
Definitions**

For the purposes of this Protocol:

- (a) “manufacture” means any kind of working or processing including assembly or specific operations;
- (b) “material” means any ingredient, raw material, component or part, etc., used in the manufacture of the product;
- (c) “product” means the product being manufactured, even if it is intended for later use in another manufacturing operation;
- (d) “goods” means both materials and products;
- (e) “customs value” means the value as determined in accordance with the 1994 Agreement on implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (WTO Agreement on customs valuation);
- (f) “ex-works price” means the price paid for the product ex works to the manufacturer in the Contracting Party in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided the price includes the value of all the materials used, minus any internal taxes which are, or may be, repaid when the product obtained is exported;
- (g) “value of materials” means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the Contracting Party;
- (h) “value of originating materials” means the value of such materials as defined in subparagraph (g) applied *mutatis mutandis*;
- (i) “added value” shall be taken to be the ex-works price minus the customs value of each of the materials incorporated which originate in the other Contracting Party or, where the customs value is not known or cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in a Contracting Party.
- (j) “chapters” and “headings” means the chapters and the headings (four-digit codes) used in the nomenclature which makes up the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, referred to in this Protocol as “the Harmonized System” or “HS”;
- (k) “classified” refers to the classification of a product or material under a particular heading;
- (l) “consignment” means products which are either sent simultaneously from one exporter to one consignee or covered by a single transport document covering their shipment from the exporter to the consignee or, in the absence of such a document, by a single invoice.
- (m) “territories” includes territorial waters.

- (n) “EUR” means “euro”, the single currency of the European Monetary Union.

**TITLE II**  
**DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT OF “ORIGINATING PRODUCTS”**

**Article 2**  
**General requirements**

For the purpose of implementing this Agreement, the following products shall be considered as originating in a Contracting Party:

- (a) products wholly obtained in a Contracting Party within the meaning of Article 4 of this Protocol;
- (b) products obtained in a Contracting Party incorporating materials which have not been wholly obtained there, provided that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in that Contracting Party within the meaning of Article 5 of this Protocol.

**Article 3**  
**Bilateral cumulation of origin**

Materials originating in an importing Contracting Party shall be considered as materials originating in the exporting Contracting Party when incorporated into a product obtained there. It shall not be necessary that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing, provided that they have undergone working or processing going beyond that referred to in Article 6 (1) of this Protocol.

**Article 4**  
**Wholly obtained products**

1. The following shall be considered as wholly obtained in a Contracting Party:
  - (a) mineral products extracted from their soil or from their seabed;
  - (b) vegetable products harvested there;
  - (c) live animals born and raised there;
  - (d) products from live animals raised there;
  - (e) products obtained by hunting or fishing conducted there;
  - (f) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea outside the territorial waters of the Contracting Parties by their vessels;
  - (g) products made aboard their factory ships exclusively from products referred to in subparagraph (f);
  - (h) used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials, including

used tyres fit only for retreading or for use as waste;

- (i) waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there;
- (j) products extracted from marine soil or subsoil outside their territorial waters provided that they have sole rights to work that soil or subsoil;
- (k) goods produced there exclusively from the products specified in subparagraphs (a) to (j).

2. The terms “their vessels” and “their factory ships” in subparagraphs 1(f) and (g) shall apply only to vessels and factory ships:

- (a) which are registered or recorded in a Contracting Party;
- (b) which sail under the flag of a Contracting Party;
- (c) which are owned to an extent of at least 50% by nationals of the Contracting Parties, or by a company with its head office in one of these States, of which the manager or managers, Chairman of the Board of Directors or the Supervisory Board, and the majority of the members of such boards are nationals of the Contracting Parties and of which, in addition, in the case of partnerships or limited companies, at least half the capital belongs to those States or to public bodies or nationals of the said States;
- (d) of which the master and officers are nationals of the Contracting Parties; and
- (e) of which at least 75 per cent of the crew are nationals of the Contracting Parties.

## **Article 5**

### **Sufficiently worked or processed products**

1. For the purposes of Article 2, products which are not wholly obtained are considered to be sufficiently worked or processed when the conditions set out in the list in Annex II of this Protocol are fulfilled.

The conditions referred to above indicate, for all products covered by this Agreement, the working or processing which must be carried out on non-originating materials used in manufacturing and apply only in relation to such materials. Accordingly, it follows that if a product, which has acquired originating status by fulfilling the conditions set out in the list is used in the manufacture of another product, the conditions applicable to the product in which it is incorporated do not apply to it, and no account shall be taken of the non-originating materials which may have been used in its manufacture.

2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, non-originating materials which, according to the conditions set out in the list, should not be used in the manufacture of a product may nevertheless be used, provided that:

- (a) their total value does not exceed 10% of the ex-works price of the product;
- (b) any of the percentages given in the list for the maximum value of non-originating materials are not exceeded through the application of this paragraph.

This paragraph shall not apply to products falling within chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonized System.

3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply except as provided in Article 6.

**Article 6**  
**Insufficient working or processing operations**

1. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, the following operations shall be considered as insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating products, whether or not the requirements of Article 5 are satisfied:
- (a) preserving operations to ensure that the products remain in good condition during transport and storage;
  - (b) breaking-up and assembly of packages;
  - (c) washing, cleaning; removal of dust, oxide, oil, paint or other coverings;
  - (d) ironing or pressing of textiles;
  - (e) simple painting and polishing operations;
  - (f) husking, partial or total bleaching, polishing, and glazing of cereals and rice;
  - (g) operations to colour sugar or form sugar lumps;
  - (h) peeling, stoning and shelling, of fruits, nuts and vegetables;
  - (i) sharpening, simple grinding or simple cutting;
  - (j) sifting, screening, sorting, classifying, grading, matching; (including the making-up of sets of articles);
  - (k) simple placing in bottles, cans, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards and all other simple packaging operations;
  - (l) affixing or printing marks, labels, logos and other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;
  - (m) simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds,
  - (n) simple assembly of parts of articles to constitute a complete article or disassembly of products into parts;
  - (o) a combination of two or more operations specified in subparagraphs (a) to (n);
  - (p) slaughter of animals.

2. All operations carried out in a Contracting Party on a given product shall be considered together when determining whether the working or processing undergone by that product is to be regarded as insufficient within the meaning of paragraph 1.

### **Article 7** **Unit of qualification**

1. The unit of qualification for the application of the provisions of this Protocol shall be the particular product which is considered as the basic unit when determining classification using the nomenclature of the Harmonized System.  
Accordingly, it follows that:
  - (a) when a product composed of a group or assembly of articles is classified under the terms of the Harmonized System in a single heading, the whole constitutes the unit of qualification;
  - (b) when a consignment consists of a number of identical products classified under the same heading of the Harmonized System, each product must be taken individually when applying the provisions of this Protocol.
2. Where, under general rule 5 of the Harmonized System, packaging is included with the product for classification purposes, it shall be included for the purposes of determining origin.

### **Article 8** **Accessories, spare parts and tools**

Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle, which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or which are not separately invoiced, are regarded as one with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

### **Article 9** **Sets**

Sets, as defined in general rule 3 of the Harmonized System, shall be regarded as originating when all component products are originating. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating products, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating, provided that the value of the non-originating products does not exceed 15 per cent of the ex-works price of the set.

### **Article 10** **Neutral elements**

In order to determine whether a product originates, it shall not be necessary to determine the origin of the following which might be used in its manufacture:

- a) energy and fuel;

- b) plant and equipment;
- c) machines and tools;
- d) goods which do not enter and which are not intended to enter into the final composition of the product.

### **TITLE III TERRITORIAL REQUIREMENTS**

#### **Article 11 Principle of territoriality**

1. Except as provided for in Article 3 and paragraph 3 of this Article, the conditions for acquiring originating status set out in Title II must continue to be fulfilled at all times in the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina.
2. Except as provided for in Article 3, where originating goods exported from the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina to another country return, they must be considered as non-originating, unless it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
  - (a) the returning goods are the same as those that were exported; and
  - (b) they have not undergone any operation beyond that necessary to preserve them in good condition while in that country or while being exported.
3. The acquisition of originating status in accordance with the conditions set out in Title II shall not be affected by working or processing done outside the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina on materials exported from the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina and subsequently reimported there, provided:
  - (a) the said materials are wholly obtained in the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina or have undergone working or processing beyond the insufficient operations listed in Article 6 prior to being exported; and
  - (b) it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
    - i) the reimported goods have been obtained by working or processing the exported materials; and
    - ii) the total added value acquired outside the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina by applying the provisions of this Article does not exceed 10% of the ex-works price of the end product for which originating status is claimed.
4. For the purposes of paragraph 3, the conditions for acquiring originating status set out in Title II shall not apply to working or processing done outside the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina. But where, in the list in Annex II, a rule setting a maximum value for all the non-originating materials incorporated is applied in determining the



originating status of the end product, the total value of the non-originating materials incorporated in the territory of the party concerned, taken together with the total added value acquired outside the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina by applying the provisions of this Article, shall not exceed the stated percentage.

5. For the purposes of applying the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4, “total added value” shall be taken to mean all costs arising outside the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina, including the value of the materials incorporated there.
6. The provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4 shall not apply to products which do not fulfil the conditions set out in the list in Annex II and which can be considered sufficiently worked or processed only if the general tolerance fixed in Article 5(2) is applied.
7. The provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4 shall not apply to products coming under Chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonised System.
8. Any working or processing of the kind covered by the provisions of this Article and done outside the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina shall be done under the outward processing arrangements, or similar arrangements.

## **Article 12**

### **Direct transport**

1. The preferential treatment provided for under the Agreement applies only to products, satisfying the requirements of this Protocol, which are transported directly between the Contracting Parties. However, products constituting one single consignment may be transported through other territories with, should the occasion arise, trans-shipment or temporary warehousing in such territories, provided that they remain under the surveillance of the customs authorities in the country of transit or warehousing and do not undergo operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to preserve them in good condition.  
Originating products may be transported by pipeline across territory other than that of the Contracting Parties.
2. Evidence that the conditions set out in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled shall be supplied to the customs authorities of the importing country by the production of:
  - (a) a single transport document covering the passage from the exporting country through the country of transit; or
  - (b) a certificate issued by the customs authorities of the country of transit:
    - (i) giving an exact description of the products;
    - (ii) stating the dates of unloading and reloading of the products and, where applicable, the names of the ships, or the other means of transport used; and
    - (iii) certifying the conditions under which the products remained in the transit country; or

- (c) failing these, any substantiating documents.

### **Article 13** **Exhibitions**

1. Originating products, sent for exhibition outside the Contracting Parties and sold after the exhibition for importation in a Contracting Party shall benefit on importation from the provisions of the Agreement provided it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
  - (a) an exporter has consigned these products from a Contracting Party to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
  - (b) the products have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to a person in a Contracting Party;
  - (c) the products have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter in the state in which they were sent for exhibition; and
  - (d) the products have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.
2. A proof of origin must be issued or made out in accordance with the provisions of Title V and submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition must be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.
3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organized for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign products, and during which the products remain under customs control.

## **TITLE IV** **DRAWBACK OR EXEMPTION**

### **Article 14** **Prohibition of drawback of, or exemption from, customs duties**

1. Non-originating materials used in the manufacture of products originating in the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina, for which a proof of origin is issued or made out in accordance with the provisions of Title V shall not be subject in the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina to drawback of, or exemption from, customs duties of whatever kind.
2. The prohibition in paragraph 1 shall apply to any arrangement for refund, remission or non-payment, partial or complete, of customs duties or charges having an equivalent effect, applicable in the Republic of Macedonia or Bosnia and Herzegovina to materials used in the manufacture, where such refund, remission or non-payment applies, expressly

or in effect, when products obtained from the said materials are exported and not when they are retained for home use there.

3. The exporter of products covered by a proof of origin shall be prepared to submit at any time, upon request from the customs authorities, all appropriate documents proving that no drawback has been obtained in respect of the non-originating materials used in the manufacture of the products concerned and that all customs duties or charges having equivalent effect applicable to such materials have actually been paid.
4. The provisions of paragraphs 1 to 3 shall also apply in respect of packaging within the meaning of Article 7(2), accessories, spare parts and tools within the meaning of Article 8 and products in a set within the meaning of Article 9 when such items are non-originating.
5. The provisions of paragraphs 1 to 4 shall apply only in respect of materials which are of the kind to which the Agreement applies. Furthermore, they shall not preclude the application of an export refund system for agricultural products, applicable upon export in accordance with the provisions of the Agreement.
6. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, the Republic of Macedonia and Bosnia and Herzegovina may apply arrangements for drawback of, or exemption from, customs duties or charges having an equivalent effect, applicable to materials used in the manufacture of originating products, subject to the following provisions:
  - (a) a 5 per cent rate of customs charge shall be retained in respect of products falling within Chapters 25 to 49 and 64 to 97 of the Harmonized System, or such lower rate as is in force in the Contracting Party concerned;
  - (b) a 10 per cent rate of customs charge shall be retained in respect of products falling within Chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonized System, or such lower rate as is in force in the Contracting Party concerned.
7. The provisions of this Article shall apply from 1 January 2003. The provisions of paragraph 6 shall apply until 31 December 2005 and may be reviewed by common accord.

## **TITLE V PROOF OF ORIGIN**

### **Article 15 General requirements**

1. Products originating in a Contracting Party shall, on importation into the other Contracting Party benefit from this Agreement upon submission of either:
  - (a) a movement certificate EUR.1, a specimen of which appears in Annex III; or
  - (b) in the cases specified in Article 21(1), a declaration, the text of which appears in Annex IV, given by the exporter on an invoice, a delivery note or any other commercial document which describes the products concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified (hereinafter referred to as the "invoice

declaration”).

2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, originating products within the meaning of this Protocol shall, in the cases specified in Article 26, benefit from this Agreement without it being necessary to submit any of the documents referred to above.

### **Article 16**

#### **Procedure for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1**

1. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting country on application having been made in writing by the exporter or, under the exporter's responsibility, by his authorized representative.
2. For this purpose, the exporter or his authorized representative shall fill out both the movement certificate EUR.1 and the application form, specimens of which appear in Annex III. These forms shall be completed in one of the official languages of the Contracting Parties or in English language and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting country. If they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink in printed characters. The description of the products must be given in the box reserved for this purpose without leaving any blank lines. Where the box is not completely filled, a horizontal line must be drawn below the last line of the description, the empty space being crossed through.
3. The exporter applying for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting country where the movement certificate EUR.1 is issued, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Protocol.
4. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of a Contracting Party if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in one of the Contracting Parties and fulfil the other requirements of this Protocol.
5. The customs authorities issuing the movement certificate EUR.1 shall take any steps necessary to verify the originating status of the products and the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Protocol. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate. The issuing customs authorities shall also ensure that the forms referred to in paragraph 2 are duly completed. In particular, they shall check whether the space reserved for the description of the products has been completed in such a manner as to exclude all possibility of fraudulent additions.
6. The date of issue of the movement certificate EUR.1 shall be indicated in Box 11 of the certificate.
7. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities and made available to the exporter as soon as actual exportation has been effected or ensured.

**Article 17**  
**Movement certificates EUR.1 issued retrospectively**

1. Notwithstanding Article 16(7), a movement certificate EUR.1 may exceptionally be issued after exportation of the products to which it relates if:
  - (a) it was not issued at the time of exportation because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances; or
  - (b) it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that a movement certificate EUR.1 was issued but was not accepted at importation for technical reasons.
2. For the implementation of paragraph 1, the exporter must indicate in this application the place and date of exportation of the products to which the movement certificate EUR.1 relates, and state the reasons for his request.
3. The customs authorities may issue a movement certificate EUR.1 retrospectively only after verifying that the information supplied in the exporter's application agrees with that in the corresponding file.
4. Movement certificates EUR.1 issued retrospectively must be endorsed with one of the following phrases:

“ISSUED RETROSPECTIVELY”,  
“ДОПОЛНИТЕЛНО ИЗДАДЕНО”  
“IZDANO NAKNADNO”,  
“НАКНАДНО ИЗДАТО”,
5. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 4 shall be inserted in the “Remarks” box of the movement certificate EUR.1.

**Article 18**  
**Issue of a duplicate movement certificate EUR.1**

1. In the event of theft, loss or destruction of a movement certificate EUR.1, the exporter may apply to the customs authorities which issued it for a duplicate made out on the basis of the export documents in their possession.
2. The duplicate issued in this way must be endorsed with one of the following words:

“DUPLICATE”, “ДУПЛИКАТ”, “DUPLIKAT”, “ДУПЛИКАТ”.
3. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 2 shall be inserted in the "Remarks" box of the duplicate movement certificate EUR.1.
4. The duplicate, which must bear the date of issue of the original movement certificate EUR.1, shall take effect as from that date.

**Article 19**  
**Issue of movement certificates EUR.1 on the basis of a proof of origin issued or made out previously**

When originating products are placed under the control of a customs office in a Contracting Party, it shall be possible to replace the original proof of origin by one or more movement certificates EUR.1 for the purpose of sending all or some of these products elsewhere within a Contracting Party. The replacement movement certificate(s) EUR1 shall be issued by the customs office under whose control the products are placed.

**Article 20**  
**Accounting segregation**

1. Where considerable cost or material difficulties arise in keeping separate stocks of originating and non-originating materials which are identical and interchangeable, the customs authorities may, at the written request of those concerned, authorise the so-called "accounting segregation" method to be used for managing such stocks.
2. This method must be able to ensure that, for a specific reference-period, the number of products obtained which could be considered as originating is the same as that which would have been obtained if there had been physical segregation of the stocks.
3. The customs authorities may grant such authorisation, subject to any conditions deemed appropriate.
4. This method is recorded and applied on the basis of the general accounting principles applicable in the country where the product was manufactured.
5. The beneficiary of this facilitation may issue or apply for proofs of origin, as the case may be, for the quantity of products which may be considered as originating. At the request of the customs authorities, the beneficiary shall provide a statement of how the quantities have been managed.
6. The customs authorities shall monitor the use made of the authorization and may withdraw it at any time whenever the beneficiary makes improper use of the authorization in any manner whatsoever or fails to fulfil any of the other conditions laid down in this Protocol.

**Article 21**  
**Conditions for making out an invoice declaration**

1. An invoice declaration as referred to in Article 15(1)(b) may be made out:
  - (a) by an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22, or
  - (b) by any exporter for any consignment consisting of one or more packages containing originating products whose total value does not exceed euro 6.000.
2. An invoice declaration may be made out if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the Contracting Parties and fulfil the other requirements of this

Protocol.

3. The exporter making out an invoice declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting country, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Protocol.
4. An invoice declaration shall be made out by the exporter by typing, stamping or printing on the invoice, the delivery note or another commercial document, the declaration, the text of which appears in Annex IV, using one of the linguistic versions set out in that Annex and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting country. If the declaration is handwritten, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.
5. Invoice declarations shall bear the original signature of the exporter in manuscript. However, an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22 shall not be required to sign such declarations provided that he gives the customs authorities of the exporting country a written undertaking that he accepts full responsibility for any invoice declaration which identifies him as if it had been signed in manuscript by him.
6. An invoice declaration may be made out by the exporter when the products to which it relates are exported, or after exportation on condition that it is presented in the importing country no longer than two years after the importation of the products to which it relates.

## **Article 22** **Approved exporter**

1. The customs authorities of the exporting country may authorize any exporter hereinafter referred to as "approved exporter" who makes frequent shipments of products under this Agreement to make out invoice declarations irrespective of the value of the products concerned. An exporter seeking such authorisation must offer to the satisfaction of the customs authorities evidence of the originating status of the products as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Protocol.
2. The customs authorities may grant the status of approved exporter subject to any conditions which they consider appropriate.
3. The customs authorities shall grant to the approved exporter a customs authorisation number which shall appear on the invoice declaration.
4. The customs authorities shall monitor the use of the authorization by the approved exporter.
5. The customs authorities may withdraw the authorization at any time. They shall do so where the approved exporter no longer offers the guarantees referred to in paragraph 1, does not fulfil the conditions referred to in paragraph 2 or otherwise makes an incorrect use of the authorization.
6. The customs authorities competent for the implementation of the verification of proof of origin within the meaning of Article 32 of this Protocol may inform each other on the changes in granting authorizations to the approved exporters and may also mutually exchange the updated lists.

**Article 23**  
**Validity of proof of origin**

1. A proof of origin shall be valid for four months from the date of issue in the exporting country, and must be submitted within the said period to the customs authorities of the importing country.
2. Proofs of origin which are submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country after the final date for presentation specified in paragraph 1 may be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment, where the failure to submit these documents by the final date set is due to exceptional circumstances.
3. In other cases of belated presentation, the customs authorities of the importing country may accept the proofs of origin where the products have been submitted before the said final date.

**Article 24**  
**Submission of proof of origin**

Proofs of origin shall be submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country in accordance with the procedures applicable in that country. The said authorities may require a translation of a proof of origin and may also require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the products meet the conditions required for the implementation of this Agreement.

**Article 25**  
**Importation by instalments**

Where, at the request of the importer and on the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the importing country, dismantled or non-assembled products within the meaning of general rule 2(a) of the Harmonized System falling within Sections XVI and XVII or heading Nos. 7308 and 9406 of the Harmonized System are imported by instalments, a single proof of origin for such products shall be submitted to the customs authorities upon importation of the first instalment.

**Article 26**  
**Exemptions from proof of origin**

1. Products sent as small packages from private persons to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the submission of a proof of origin, provided that such products are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the requirements of this Protocol and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such a declaration. In the case of products sent by post, this declaration can be made on the customs declaration CN23, the former C2/CP3 or on a sheet of paper annexed to that document.
2. Imports which are occasional and consist solely of products for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as imports by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the products that no commercial



purpose is in view.

3. Furthermore, the total value of these products must not exceed euro 500 in the case of small packages or euro 1200 in the case of products forming part of travellers' personal luggage.

### **Article 27** **Supporting documents**

The documents referred to in Articles 16(3) and 21(3) used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an invoice declaration can be considered as products originating in one of the Contracting Parties and fulfil the other requirements of this Protocol may consist *inter alia* of the following:

- (a) direct evidence of the processes carried out by the exporter or supplier to obtain the goods concerned, contained for example in his accounts or internal bookkeeping;
- (b) documents proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in one of the Contracting Parties where these documents are used in accordance with domestic law;
- (c) documents proving the working or processing of materials in one of the Contracting Parties, issued or made out in that Contracting Party, where these documents are used in accordance with domestic law;
- (d) movement certificates EUR.1 or invoice declarations proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in a Contracting Party in accordance with this Protocol.

### **Article 28** **Preservation of proof of origin and supporting documents**

1. The exporter applying for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 shall keep for at least three years the documents referred to in Article 16(3).
2. The exporter making out an invoice declaration shall keep for at least three years a copy of this invoice declaration as well as the documents referred to in Article 21(3).
3. The customs authorities of the exporting country issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 shall keep for at least three years the application form referred to in Article 16(2).
4. The customs authorities of the importing country shall keep for at least three years the movement certificates EUR.1 and the invoice declarations submitted to them.

### **Article 29** **Discrepancies and formal errors**

1. The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in the proof of origin and those made in the documents submitted to the customs office for the purpose of

carrying out the formalities for importing the products shall not ipso facto render the proof of origin null and void if it is duly established that this document does correspond to the products submitted.

2. Obvious formal errors such as typing errors on a proof of origin should not cause this document to be rejected if these errors are not such as to create doubts concerning the correctness of the statements made in this document.

### **Article 30** **Amounts expressed in euro**

1. For the application of the provisions of Article 21(1)(b) and Article 26(3) in cases where products are invoiced in a currency other than euro, amounts in the national currencies of the Contracting Parties equivalent to the amounts expressed in euro shall be fixed annually by each of the Contracting Parties concerned.
2. A consignment shall benefit from the provisions of Article 21(1)(b) or Article 26(3) by reference to the currency in which the invoice is drawn up, according to the amount fixed by the country concerned.
3. The amounts to be used in any given national currency shall be the equivalent in that currency of the amounts expressed in euro as at the first working day of October and shall apply from 1 January the following year. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 2 on importation the Contracting Parties shall recognize the relevant amounts notified by the country concerned or the European Commission.
4. A Contracting Party may round up or down the amount resulting from the conversion into its national currency of an amount expressed in euro. The rounded-off amount may not differ from the amount resulting from the conversion by more than 5 per cent. A Contracting Party may retain unchanged its national currency equivalent of an amount expressed in euro if, at the time of the annual adjustment provided for in paragraph 3, the conversion of that amount, prior to any rounding-off, results in an increase of less than 15 per cent in the national currency equivalent. The national currency equivalent may be retained unchanged if the conversion would result in a decrease in that equivalent value.
5. The amounts expressed in euro shall be reviewed by the Joint Committee at the request of any of the Contracting Parties. When carrying out this review, the Joint Committee shall consider the desirability of preserving the effects of the limits concerned in real terms. For this purpose, it may decide to modify the amounts expressed in euro.

## **TITLE VI** **ARRANGEMENTS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE COOPERATION**

### **Article 31** **Mutual assistance**

1. The customs authorities of the Contracting Parties shall provide each other with specimen impressions of stamps used in their customs offices for the issue of movement certificates EUR.1 and with the addresses of the customs authorities or relevant competent and duly authorized bodies responsible for verifying those certificates and

invoice declarations.

2. In order to ensure the proper application of this Protocol, the Contracting Parties shall assist each other, through the competent customs administrations and relevant competent and duly authorized bodies, in checking the authenticity of the movement certificates EUR.1 or the invoice declarations and the correctness of the information given in these documents.

### **Article 32** **Verification of proofs of origin**

1. Subsequent verifications of proofs of origin shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing country have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of such documents, the originating status of the products concerned or the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Protocol.
2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the importing country shall return the movement certificate EUR.1 and the invoice, if it has been submitted, the invoice declaration, or a copy of these documents, to the customs authorities of the exporting country giving, where appropriate, the reasons for the enquiry. Any documents and information obtained suggesting that the information given on the movement certificate EUR.1 or the invoice declaration is incorrect shall be forwarded in support of the request for verification.
3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the exporting country. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate.
4. If the customs authorities of the importing country decide to suspend the granting of preferential treatment to the products concerned while awaiting the results of the verification, release of the products shall be offered to the importer subject to any precautionary measures judged necessary.
5. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results of this verification as soon as possible. These results must indicate clearly whether the documents are authentic and whether the products concerned can be considered as products originating in one of the Contracting Parties and fulfil the other requirements of this Protocol.

Where the cumulation provisions in accordance with Article 3 of this Protocol were applied and in connection with Article 16 (4), the reply shall include a copy (copies) of the movement certificate(s) or invoice declaration(s) relied upon.

6. If in cases of reasonable doubt there is no reply within ten months of the date of the verification request or if the reply does not contain sufficient information to determine the authenticity of the document in question or the real origin of the products, the requesting customs authorities shall, except in exceptional circumstances, refuse entitlement to the preferences.
7. The term "customs authorities of the exporting country" within the meaning of this Article shall mean Carinska uprava na Republika Makedonija and Ministarstvo vanjske

trgovine i ekonomskih odnosa of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

**Article 33**  
**Dispute settlement**

Where disputes arise in relation to the verification procedures of Article 32 which cannot be settled between the customs authorities requesting a verification and the customs authorities responsible for carrying out this verification or where they raise a question as to the interpretation of this Protocol, they shall be submitted to the Joint Committee. In all cases the settlement of disputes between the importer and the customs authorities of the importing country shall be under the legislation of the said country.

**Article 34**  
**Penalties**

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining a preferential treatment for products.

**Article 35**  
**Free zones**

1. The Contracting Parties shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not substituted by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.
2. By means of an exemption to the provisions contained in paragraph 1, when products originating in a Contracting Party are imported into a free zone under cover of a proof of origin and undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned shall issue a new EUR.1 certificate at the exporter's request, if the treatment or processing undergone is in conformity with the provisions of this Protocol.

**TITLE VII**  
**FINAL PROVISIONS**

**Article 36**  
**Sub-Committee on customs and origin matters**

A Sub-Committee on customs and origin matters shall be set up under the Joint Committee in accordance with Article 32 of this Agreement to assist it in carrying out its duties and to ensure a continuous information and consultations process between experts. It shall be composed of experts from the Contracting Parties responsible for questions related to customs and origin matters.

**Article 37**  
**Annexes**

Annexes I, II, III, IV, and V to this Protocol shall form an integral part thereof.

**Article 38**  
**Goods in transit and storage**

Goods which conform to the provisions of Title II and which on the date of entry into force of the Agreement are either being transported or are being held in a Contracting Party in temporary storage, in bonded warehouses or in free zones, may be accepted as originating products subject to the submission, within four months from that date, to the customs authorities of the importing country of proof of origin, drawn up retrospectively, and of any documents that provide supporting evidence of the conditions of transport.